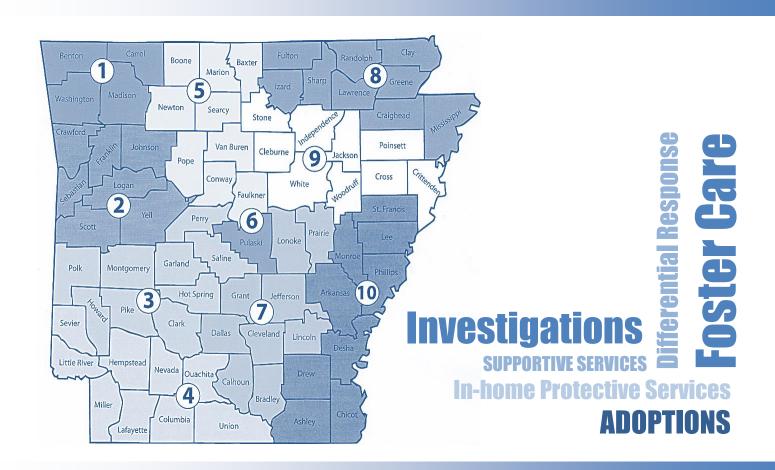
QUARTERLY PERFORMANCE REPORT 1st QUARTER SFY 2024

July 1, 2023 - September 30, 2023

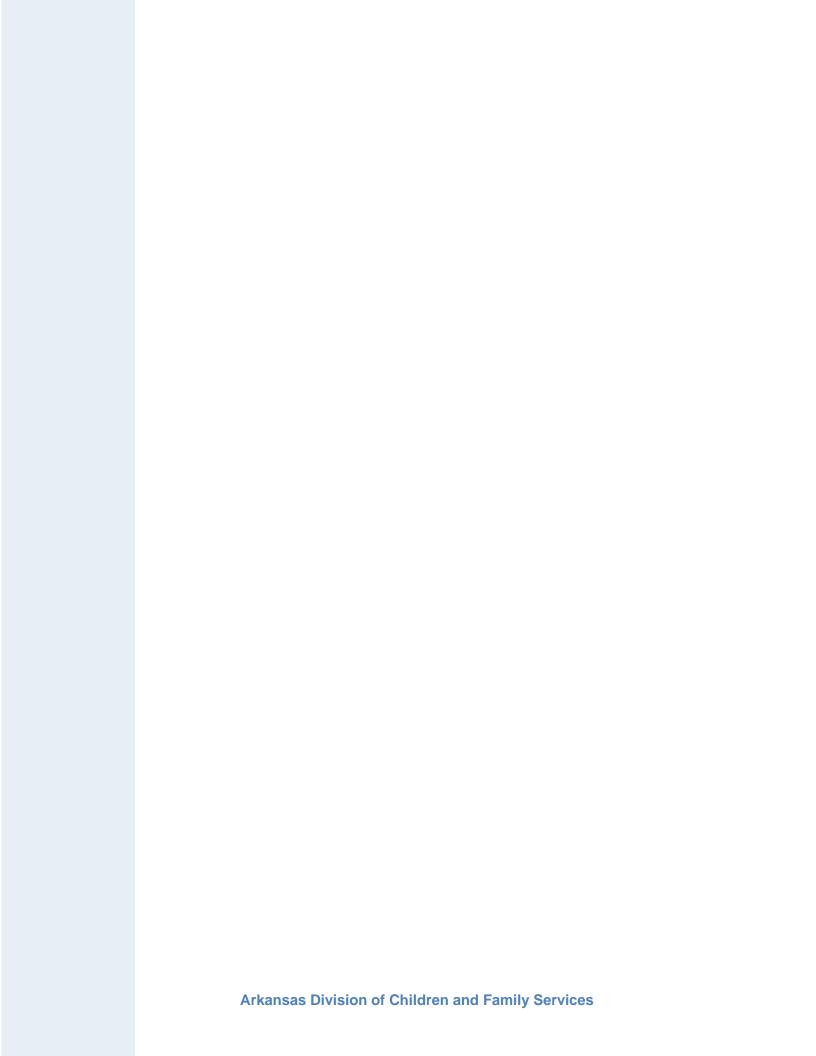


Arkansas Department of Human Services
Division of Children and Family Services

by
Evident Change

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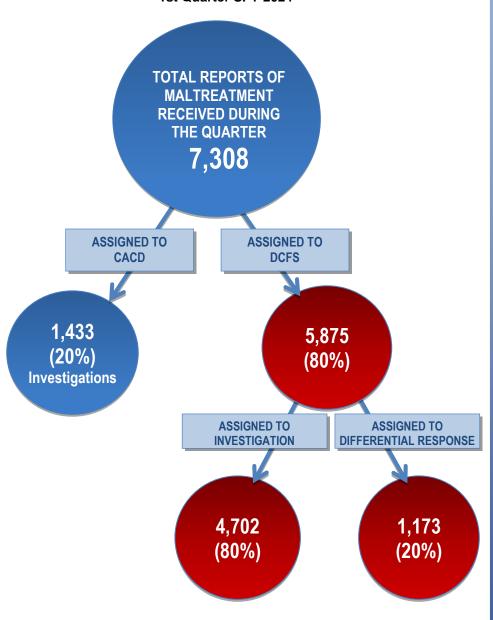
Reports of Child Maltreatment

Quick Facts

Volume and Description of Child Maltreatment Reports

Volume of Incoming Reports

Maltreatment Reports Received During
1st Quarter SFY 2024



Of the 7,308 reports of child maltreatment accepted by the Arkansas Child Abuse Hotline during the first quarter, 80 percent were assigned to DCFS and 20 percent were assigned to the Crimes Against Children Division (CACD) of the Arkansas State Police, which is responsible for investigating the most serious allegations of maltreatment.

Of the reports assigned to DCFS, 80 percent were assigned for an investigation and 20 percent were handled through differential response (DR).

DR allows the Division to respond to specific, low-risk maltreatment reports through a family assessment and provision of services rather than a traditional investigation.

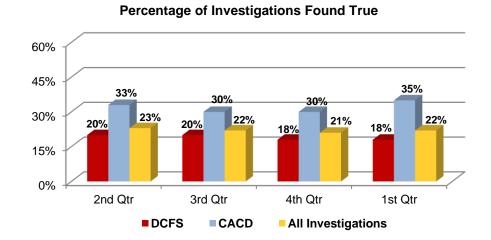
The following types of allegations can qualify for DR:

- Inadequate supervision if children are at least five
- Environmental neglect if children are at least three
- Medical neglect if children are at least thirteen
- Lock out if children are at least ten
- Inadequate food, inadequate shelter, inadequate clothing, or educational neglect with no age restrictions
- Certain allegations of abuse where the incident occurred at least one year prior to the report date

Findings of Child Maltreatment Investigations

Eighteen percent of the investigations assigned to DCFS during the first quarter were found true, compared to 35 percent for CACD. The overall substantiation rate stood at 22 percent, similar to previous quarters.

Appendix A provides further detail on the number of referrals accepted for investigation and those found true in the most recent quarter.

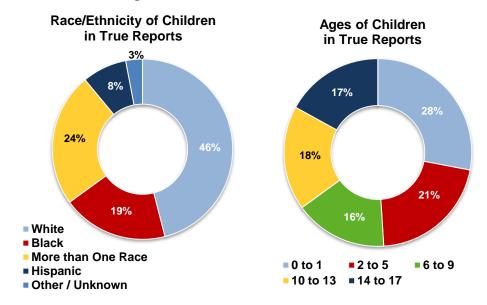


Characteristics of Children Involved in True Investigations

There were 1,722 victim children involved in substantiated maltreatment investigations during the quarter.

Of those children, 46 percent were white, 24 percent were multiracial, and 19 percent were black. Roughly half (49 percent) were under six years of age.

The majority of victim children (56 percent) were female.



Types of Allegations in True Investigations

Neglect was the most commonly reported allegation for the 1,722 victim children, followed by allegations of sexual abuse and physical abuse.

Percentage of Children in True Allegations of Maltreatment						
	Number of Children Cited in Percentage of Children Cited in True Allegation					
Neglect	1,150	67%				
Sexual Abuse	389	23%				
Physical Abuse	338	20%				
Sexual Exploitation	36	2%				
Abandonment	11	1%				

A child may have more than one allegation.

Reports Involving Fatalities or Near Fatalities

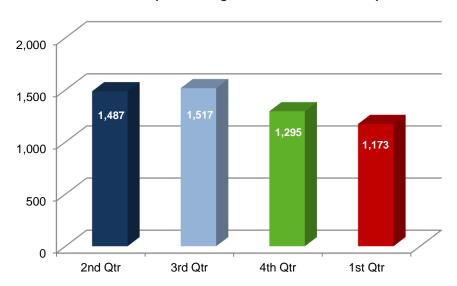
Findings of Maltreatment Reports Involving Fatalities or Near Fatalities					
Finding	Child Fatality	Child Near Fatality			
True	3	3			
Unsubstantiated	1	3			
Pending	4	1			

During the first quarter, there were eight maltreatment investigations of child fatalities. Of those, three were found true, one was unsubstantiated, and four were still pending.

Over the same period, there were seven investigations of near fatalities. Three were found true, three were unsubstantiated, and one was still pending.

Reports Assigned for Differential Response (DR)

Number of Reports Assigned for Differential Response



The number of reports assigned for DR during the first quarter (1,173) decreased by nine percent from the previous quarter.

Meeting Agency Policies

Timeliness of Initiating Investigations

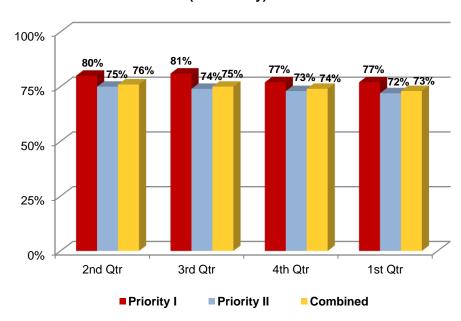
The law requires reports of maltreatment to be initiated within 24 hours of receipt of a Priority I report or within 72 hours for a Priority II report.

Priority I reports cite more severe allegations while Priority II reports cite comparatively less serious allegations.

Initiation occurs when all victim children are interviewed or observed (if too young for an interview) within the designated timeframes.

DCFS initiated 73 percent of its investigations on time during the first quarter, similar to its performance during the previous quarter.

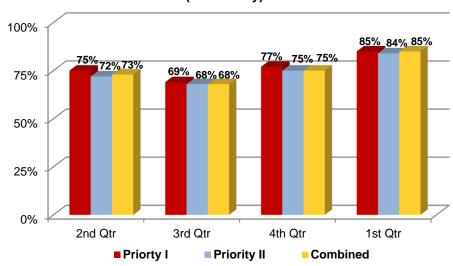
Timely Initiation of Child Maltreatment Assessments (DCFS Only)



Timeliness of Completing Investigations

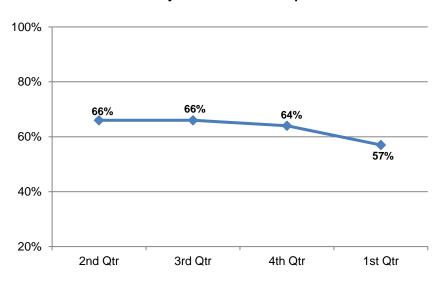
DCFS completed 85 percent of its investigations on time (within 45 days of receipt of the report) during the quarter, higher than its performance during the previous quarter (75 percent).

Timely Completion of Child Maltreatment Assessments (DCFS Only)



Timeliness of Initiating Reports Assigned to DR

Timely Initiation of DR Reports

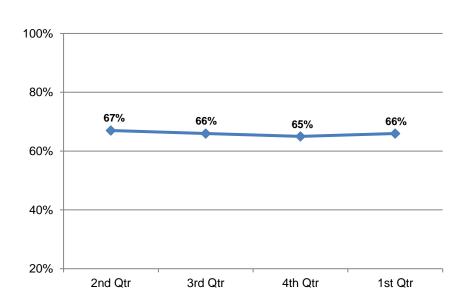


DR referrals must be initiated within 72 hours of receipt of the report.

DCFS initiated 57 percent of its DR reports on time during the first quarter, lower than its performance during the previous quarter (64 percent).

Timeliness of Completing Reports Assigned to DR

Timely Closure of DR Reports



Reports assigned to DR must be closed within 30 days of receipt of the report. In certain instances where the family's needs necessitate longer involvement, two 15-day extensions can be granted, for a total of 60 days.

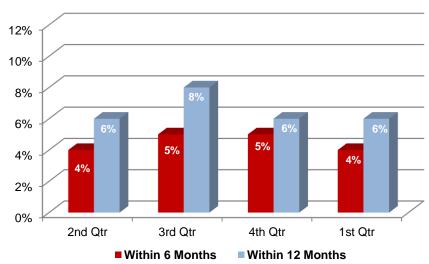
The Division closed 66 percent of DR reports on time during the first quarter, taking into account reports in which extensions were granted.

Benefits to Children and Families

Preventing the Recurrence of Maltreatment

Six percent of the victim children involved in true investigations during the first quarter of SFY 2023 experienced a recurrence of maltreatment within 12 months. Four percent experienced a recurrence of maltreatment within six months.

Recurrence of Maltreatment within 6 and 12 Months

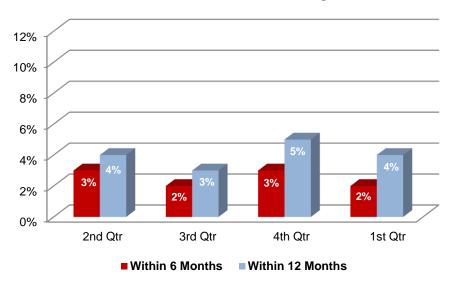


The National Standard for recurrence within 12 months is 9.1 percent or less

Recurrence of Maltreatment Among Families Who Received DR Services

Four percent of the children who began receiving DR services during the first quarter of SFY 2023 were involved in a true investigation of child maltreatment within 12 months, and two percent were involved within six months.

Involvement in True Maltreatment Reports within 6 and 12 Months of Receiving DR Services

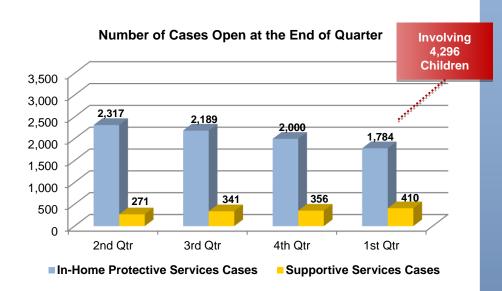


In-Home Services

Quick Facts

Volume and Description of Cases

Volume of Cases



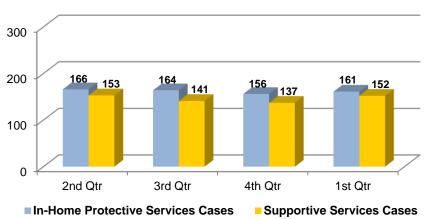
In most instances, DCFS offers inhome services through a protective services case, which is opened when a true maltreatment report or court order necessitates DCFS' involvement with a family but there is not an immediate threat to any child's safety in the home.

The number of in-home protective services cases decreased during the quarter. There were 1,784 in-home protective services cases, involving 4,296 children, open across the state at the end of the quarter.

The Division also offers in-home supportive services to families on a voluntary basis. DCFS was responsible for 410 supportive services cases at the end of the quarter.

Length of Time Cases Have Been Open

Average Number of Days Cases Have Been Open as of the End of Quarter

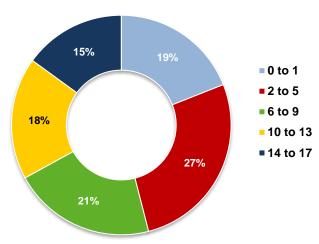


In-home protective services cases that were active as of the end of the quarter had been open, on average, for nearly five and one-half months. Supportive services cases had been open, on average, for five months.

Ages of Children in In-Home Protective Services Cases

Over half (54 percent) of the children involved in in-home protective services cases at the end of the quarter were ages six or older.

Ages of Children in In-Home Cases



Meeting Agency Policies

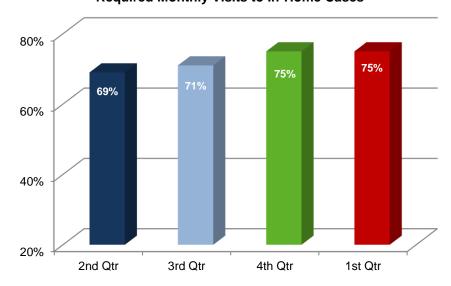
Monthly Visits to In-Home Protective Services Cases

Families with an open in-home protective services case must receive a face-to-face visit from a caseworker each month.

Caseworkers made 75 percent of these required visits during the first quarter.

This is identical to the in-home visitation rate observed for the previous quarter. The Division's goal is 85 percent.

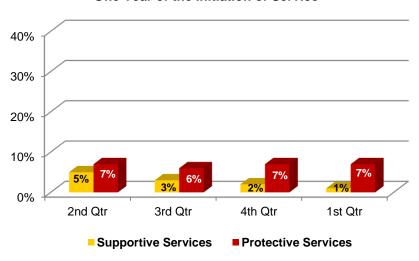
Required Monthly Visits to In-Home Cases



Benefits to Children and Families

Victimization Rate Among Children Who Received Protective and Supportive Services

Percentage of Children Receiving Supportive and Protective Services who were Abused or Neglected within One Year of the Initiation of Service

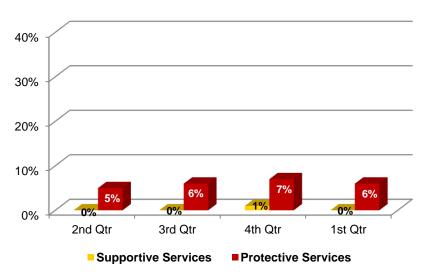


The percentage of children involved in a protective services case who were maltreated within one year of service initiation was seven percent for the first quarter.

The rate of maltreatment for children involved through a supportive services case was one percent for the first quarter.

Rate of Entry Into Foster Care Among Children Who Received Protective and Supportive Services

Percentage of Children Receiving Supportive or Protective Services who Entered Foster Care within One Year of the Initiation of Service



Of the children who began receiving protective services during the first quarter one year ago, six percent entered foster care within one year of the initiation of those services.

Zero percent of the children who began receiving supportive services during the same timeframe entered care within one year.

In-home services prevent the vast majority of children from being revictimized or entering foster care within one year.

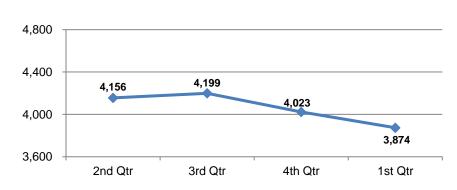
Foster Care

Volume and Description of Cases

Number of Children in Foster Care

There were 3,874 children in foster care at the end of the first quarter of SFY 2024, a decrease of four percent from the previous quarter (4,023).

Number of Children in Foster Care



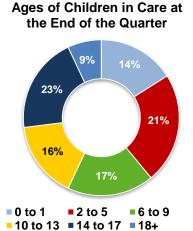
Characteristics of Children in Foster Care

At the end of the quarter, children ages five years or younger made up 35 percent of all children in foster care. Forty-five percent of those in care were white, 27 percent were multiracial, and 18 percent were black.

Of the children in foster care at the end of the quarter, 50 percent were male and 50 percent were female.

Race/Ethnicity of Children in Care at the End of Quarter 9% 45% White Black More than One Race Hispanic

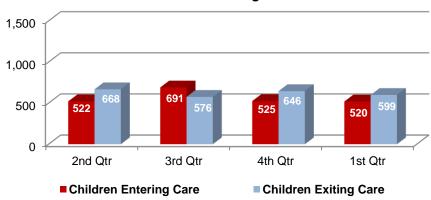
Other / Unknown



Admissions Into and Discharges From Foster Care

Far more children exited foster care during the first quarter than had entered.

Number of Admissions into and Discharges from Foster Care During the Quarter



Reasons for Children's Entry Into Foster Care

Reasons for Children's Entry Into Foster Care 1st Quarter SFY 2024

Placement Reason	Number of Entries	Total
Neglect	264	51%
Substance Abuse	226¹	43%
Parent Incarceration	131	25%
Physical Abuse	88	17%
Inadequate Housing	60	12%
Abandonment	33	6%
Sexual Abuse	20	4%
Caretaker Illness	20	4%
Child's Behavior	14	3%
Truancy	6	1%
All Other Reasons	13	3%

Neglect and substance abuse were the most common reasons for children entering foster care during the first quarter, similar to the previous quarter.

A child may have more than one reason for entry.

Reasons for Children's Discharge from Foster Care

Reasons for Children's Discharge from Foster Care 1st Quarter SFY 2024

Discharge Reason	Number of Discharges	Total
Reunification	246	41%
Adoption	189	32%
Guardianship	48	8%
Relative Custody	47	8%
Child Aged Out	41	7%
Non-Custodial Parent Custody	20	3%
Non-Relative Custody	2	<1%
All Other Reasons	6	1%

National data² indicate that the three most prevalent reasons children leave care are reunification (47%), adoption (25%), and guardianship (12%).

Forty-one percent of the children who left foster care during the quarter were reunified with their own family, and 32 percent were adopted.

Overall, 92 percent of the children exiting care in Arkansas achieved permanency either by returning home or via discharge to relatives, an adoptive home, or another permanent living arrangement.

¹ These 226 cases of substance abuse include 187 instances of parental drug abuse, 31 instances of parental alcohol abuse, 7 instances of drug abuse by children, and 1 instance of alcohol abuse by children.

² National data from the Children's Bureau (November 2022).

Length of Stay in Foster Care

Of the children in foster care at the end of the first quarter, 55 percent had been in care for 12 months or longer.

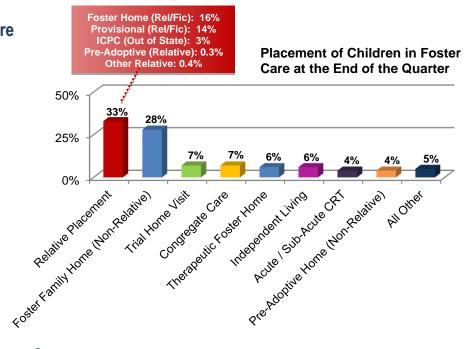
Length of Stay in Foster Care for Children in Care 1st Quarter SFY 2024

Length of Stay	Number	Percentage	National
Less than 30 days	187	5%	4%
1-3 Months	280	7%	19%
3-6 Months	437	11%	1976
6-12 Months	856	22%	19%
12-24 Months	927	24%	25%
24-36 Months	514	13%	15%
36+ Months	673	18%	18%
Total	3,874	100%	100%

Placements of Children in Foster Care

Overall, 78 percent of the children in foster care at the end of the quarter resided in a family-like setting (i.e., relative placement, foster family home, therapeutic foster home, trial home visit, pre-adoptive home).

Seven percent resided in congregate care, which represents placement in a qualified residential treatment program (QRTP), residential treatment care or residential care only program, or emergency shelter.

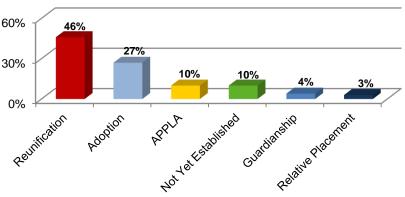


Permanency Goals of Children in Foster Care

Forty-six percent of the children in care at the end of the quarter had a permanency goal of reunification (return home) and 27 percent had a goal of adoption.

These figures differ slightly from national data from the Children's Bureau as of November 2022, with averages of 53 percent for reunification and 28 percent for adoption.

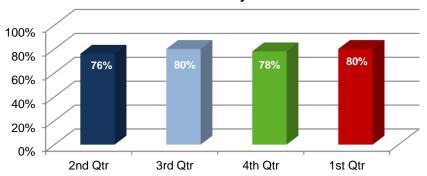
Permanency Goals of Children in Foster Care at the End of the Quarter



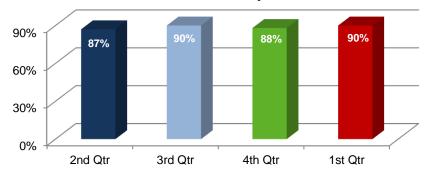
Meeting Agency Policies

Monthly Visits to Children in Foster Care

Children in Care who Received Monthly Face-to-Face Visits by Caseworkers



Children in Care who Received Monthly Face-to-Face Visits from Any DCFS Staff



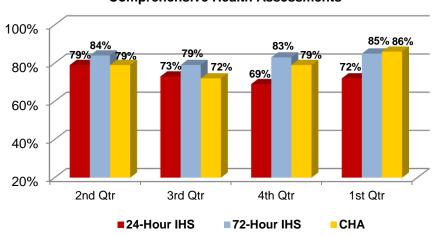
To ensure their safety and wellbeing, best practice requires children in care to be visited in their placement by a caseworker monthly (measured in this chart). The Division's goal is 95 percent.

DCFS caseworkers made 80 percent of their required monthly face-to-face visits with children in care during the first quarter. This was slightly higher than the visitation rate observed for the previous quarter.

Ninety percent of the foster children received a monthly face-to-face contact from *any* DCFS staff member, regardless of the staff member's position, location of the visit, or the purpose.

Initial Health Screenings and Comprehensive Health Assessments

24-Hour and 72-Hour Initial Health Screenings and Comprehensive Health Assessments



When a child enters foster care due to an allegation of severe maltreatment, DCFS must conduct an Initial Health Screening (IHS) within 24 hours. All other incoming foster children require an initial screening within 72 hours.

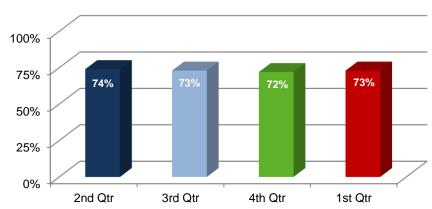
Children must also receive a Comprehensive Health Assessment (CHA) within 60 days of entering foster care.

Siblings in Care Who Are Placed Together

At the end of the quarter, 73 percent of the children with siblings in foster care were placed with at least one of their siblings, while 52 percent were placed with all of their siblings.

These figures do not exclude children who were placed separately for valid reasons such as safety issues or court orders.

Percentage of Siblings in Care who are Placed Together

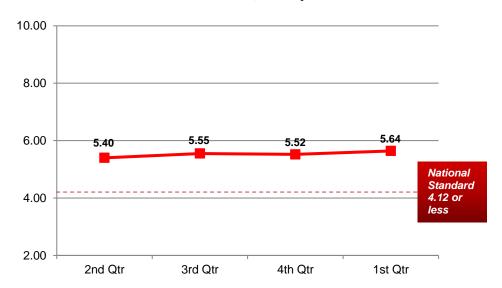


Placement Stability of Children in Foster Care

Placement stability is measured by the rate of placement moves per 1,000 days in foster care for children who enter care over a 12-month period.

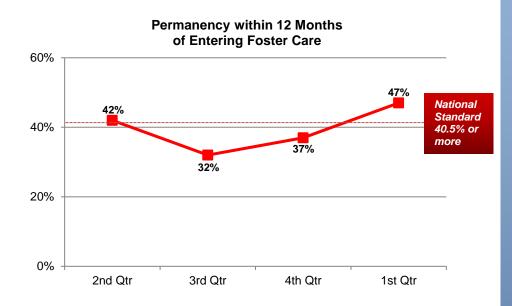
For the first quarter, the placement stability rate was 5.64, similar to recent quarters. The national standard is 4.12.

Rate of Placement Moves Per 1,000 Days in Foster Care



Benefits to Children and Families

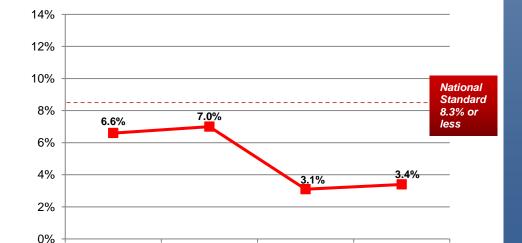
Achieving Permanency Within Twelve Months



The national standard is for 40.5 percent of all children entering foster care to achieve permanency (i.e., exiting foster care to a permanent living situation) within 12 months of removal. Discharges from foster care due to reunification, relative custody, non-custodial parent custody, guardianship, adoption, and non-relative custody are considered to be permanent living situations.

For the first quarter of SFY 2024, 47 percent of the children entering care in Arkansas achieved permanency within 12 months. This surpassed the national standard as well as the rate observed for the previous quarter.

Preventing Children's Re-Entry Into Foster Care



4th Qtr

3rd Qtr

2nd Qtr

Re-Entries Into Foster Care

Just over three percent of children who had reunited with their families re-entered foster care within 12 months of discharge for the first quarter of SFY 2024, similar to the previous quarter and less than the national standard (8.3 percent).

1st Qtr

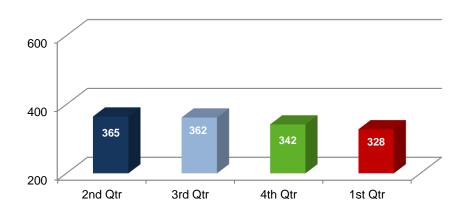
Volume and Description of Cases

Children Available for Adoption ³

At the end of the first quarter, 328 children were available for adoption.

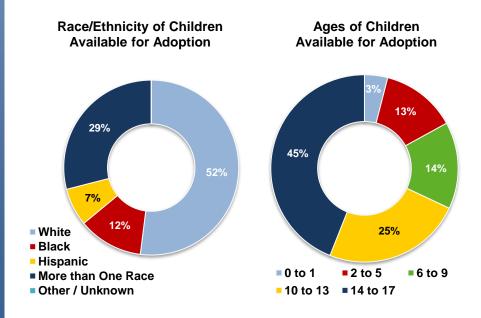
DCFS estimates that it has identified a possible pre-adoptive placement for approximately 20 percent of the children available for adoption.

Number of Children Available for Adoption at the End of the Quarter



Characteristics of Children Available for Adoption

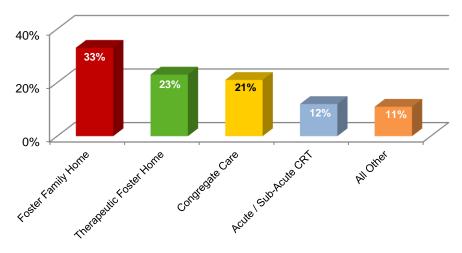
Of the available children, 52 percent were white, 29 percent were multiracial, and 12 percent were black. Children ages ten and older made up 70 percent of the children available for adoption.



³ Children available for adoption are defined as those who (1) have a termination of parental rights on both parents, (2) have a permanency goal of adoption, and (3) are not placed with relatives, fictive kin, or a pre-adoptive family.

Placement of Children Available for Adoption

Placement of Children Available for Adoption at the End of the Quarter



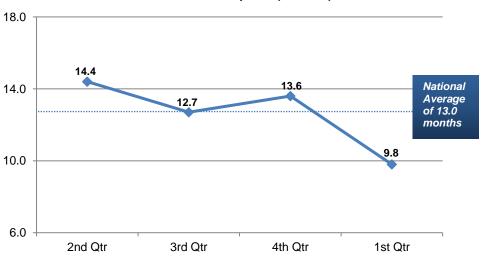
Fifty-six percent of the children available for adoption resided in either a foster family home or therapeutic foster home at the end of the quarter.

Meeting Agency Policies

Length of Time to Adoption

Arkansas' average length of time from termination of parental rights (TPR) until adoption finalization was 9.8 months during the quarter, shorter than the national average (13.0 months).

Length of Time From TPR to Finalization of Adoption (Months)



Benefits to Children and Families

Finalized Adoptions

One-hundred and ninety-one adoptions were finalized during the first quarter of SFY 2024.

Of those adoptions, 42 percent were finalized by relatives.

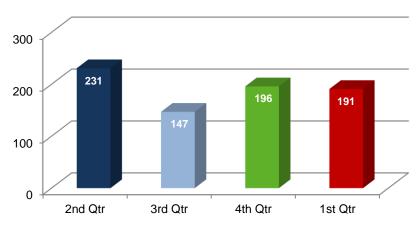
Children ages two to five made up the largest group (36 percent) among those adopted during the quarter, followed by those ages zero to one (23 percent).

Subsidized Adoptions

Subsidies are given to children with special needs, defined as:

- Caucasian and over nine
- Healthy child of color and at least two years of age
- Member of any sibling group placed together, sharing at least one biological parent, who develop a bond
- Children who have severe medical or psychological needs that require ongoing treatment
- Children at high risk for the development of serious physical, mental, or emotional conditions documented by a medical professional

Number of Adoptions Finalized During the Quarter



Race/Ethnicity of Children Ages of Children with with Finalized Adoption **Finalized Adoption** 2% 12% 11% 11% 13% 18% ■ White ■ Black Hispanic ■ More than One Race ■ 0 to 1 ■ 2 to 5 ■ 10 to 13 ■ 14 to 17 Other / Unknown

During the first quarter, 206 children began receiving adoption subsidies. Of those, 200 were federally funded subsidies and 6 were state funded subsidies.

36%

■ 6 to 9

During the quarter, a total of 8,204 children received adoption subsidies.



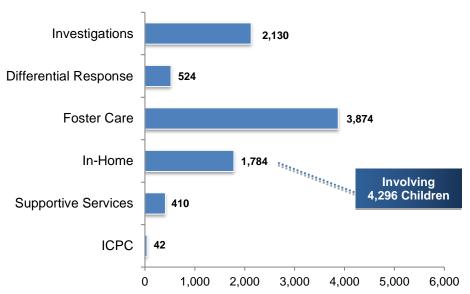
Resources

Quick Facts

Caseworkers and Caseloads

Caseloads at the End of the Quarter

Types of Cases at the End of the Quarter



One foster care case is equal to one child in care; one in-home or supportive services case constitutes an entire family, many of which have multiple children.

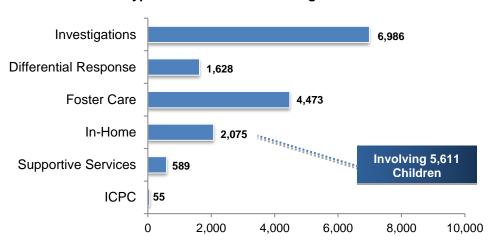
At the end of the first quarter, the Division was responsible for:

- 2,130 investigations of child maltreatment and 524 DR cases;
- 3,874 foster care cases;
- 1,784 in-home protective services cases, involving 4,296 children;
- 410 supportive services cases and 42 interstate compact for the placement of children (ICPC) cases.

This is while the Division was staffed with 437 family service workers, who were responsible for handling these cases.

Caseloads Handled During the Quarter

Types of Cases Served During the Quarter



This figure illustrates the number of cases that cycled through the system anytime during the quarter (as opposed to those open at the end of the quarter, described above).

The Division oversaw 6,986 investigations, 1,628 DR cases, 4,473 children in foster care, 2,075 in-home protective services cases, 589 supportive services cases, and 55 ICPC cases.

Average Caseload

The average caseload statewide was just over 19 cases per worker at the end of the quarter. The Division's goal is 20 or fewer cases per worker.

The average caseload for each county as of September 2023 is presented in Appendix B.

Foster Homes

Foster Homes and Beds

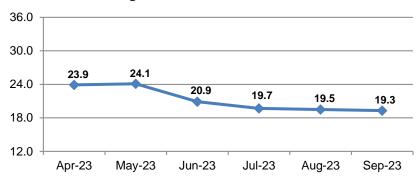
There were 1,482 licensed foster family homes open statewide at the end of the first quarter, providing a total of 2,904 available beds.

The number of available beds decreased from the previous quarter.

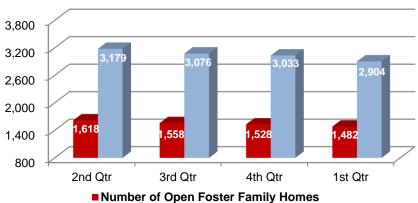
During the most recent quarter, 222 new foster homes were opened and 253 were closed, resulting in a net loss of 31 homes.

Appendix C displays the closure reasons for the foster homes that closed during the quarter.

Average Caseload at the End of Month

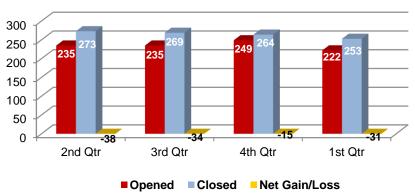


Number of Foster Homes and Beds at the End of Quarter



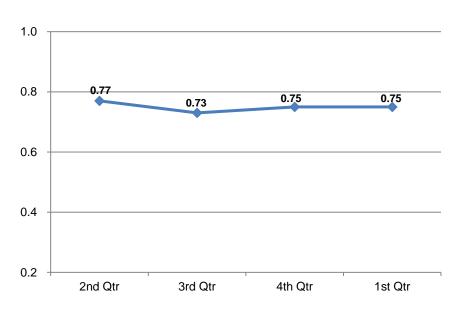
Number of Open Foster Family Homes
 Number of Beds Within Foster Family Homes

Number of Foster Homes Opened and Closed During the Quarter



Ratio of Foster Home Beds to Foster Children

Foster Home Bed to Foster Child Ratio

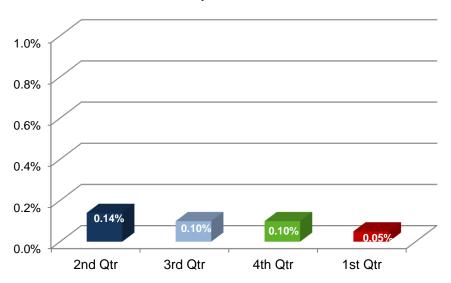


The ratio of licensed foster home beds to children in foster care stood at 0.75 at the end of the first quarter, identical to the previous quarter.

The Division's goal is to have at least one foster home bed available for each child in foster care.

Percentage of Foster Families with True Reports of Maltreatment

Percentage of Foster Families with True Reports of Maltreatment



One report in which a foster parent was identified as an alleged offender was determined to be true during the first quarter. Based on the 2,022 foster homes active during that period, the percentage of foster families with a true report of maltreatment was 0.05 percent.

Appendix D provides more detail on maltreatment reports concerning foster homes.

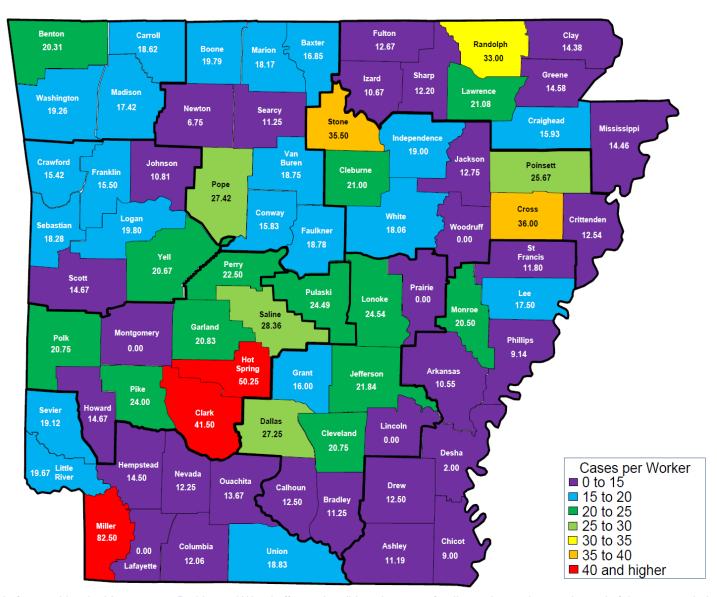
Appendix A: Breakdown of Child Maltreatment Reports Received During the Quarter and Substantiation Rates of Maltreatment Investigations⁴

	DCFS					CACD		
	Total Assessments Assigned for DR	Total Assessments Assigned for Investigation	True Investigations	Percent True	Total Assessments Assigned for Investigation	True Investigations	Percent True	
Second Quarter 2023	1,404	6,113 5,982 Closed	1,188	20%	1,651 1,619 Closed	535	33%	
Third Quarter 2023	1,522	5,517 5,094 Closed	1,027	20%	1,451 1,330 Closed	403	30%	
Fourth Quarter 2023	1,471	6,020 5,773 Closed	1,071	19%	1,670 1,542 Closed	470	30%	
First Quarter 2024	1,032	4,835 4,797 Closed	862	18%	1,431 1,337 Closed	464	35%	

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⁴ The data cited in this appendix run two months behind the referenced quarter (*e.g.*, the first quarter refers to 5/1/2023 through 7/31/2023); as a result, the numbers cited in this appendix differ from those cited throughout the report, which considers the actual quarter. This is because investigations have a 45-day completion timeframe and this allows enough time to pass to measure the disposition of the investigations. An investigation is excluded from the calculation of the substantiation rate in the event that it has not yet been closed (and thus a disposition has not yet been rendered).

Appendix B: Average Caseload as of September 30, 2023, by County



Lafayette, Lincoln, Montgomery, Prairie, and Woodruff counties did not have any family service workers at the end of the quarter; their cases were assigned to workers from other counties.

Appendix C: Foster Home Closure Reasons

Area	County	Change in Family Circumstances	Foster Family's Decision	No Longer Meets Requirements	Adopted / Custody / Guardianship / Relative Only	Founded Abuse / Neglect	Provider / Services No Longer Needed	Other	Total
	Benton (Bentonville)	0	13	3	3	0	1	0	20
	Carroll (Berryville)	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
1	Madison (Huntsville)	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	3
1	Washington (Fayetteville)	0	10	4	1	0	0	0	15
2	Crawford (Van Buren)	0	2	1	1	0	1	0	5
2	Franklin (Ozark)	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2
2	Johnson (Clarksville)	0	1	1	3	0	1	0	6
2	Logan (Booneville)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	Logan (Paris)	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	2
	Scott (Waldron)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Sebastian (Fort Smith)	1	3		5		1	0	_
	Yell (Danville)	0	1	0	1	0	2	0	
	Clark (Arkadelphia)	0	2	_	0	0	0		
	Garland (Hot Springs)	0	2		1	0	1	0	
		0		1	1	0	1	0	
	Hot Spring (Malvern)		<u>'</u>		·	_			
	Howard (Nashville)	0	0	_	0	0	0		_
	Montgomery (Mount Ida)	0	0	_		0	0		
	Perry (Perryville)	0	0	-	0	0	0		
	Pike (Murfreesboro)	0	0		0	0	0		
	Polk (Mena)	0	0		1	0	0		
	Saline (Benton)	1	5		2	0	1	0	
4	Columbia (Magnolia)	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
4	Hempstead (Hope)	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	4
4	Lafayette (Lewisville)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	Little River (Ashdown)	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
4	Miller (Texarkana)	0	3	2	0	0	0	0	5
4	Nevada (Prescott)	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
4	Ouachita (Camden)	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
4	Sevier (DeQueen)	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
4	Union (El Dorado)	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
5	Baxter (Mountain Home)	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	3
	Boone (Harrison)	0	2	1	0	0	0		3
	Conway (Morrilton)	0	0		1	0	0		
	Faulkner (Conway)	0	8		3	0	0	0	
	Marion (Yellville)	0	0		0	0	0		
	Newton (Jasper)	0	0						
	Pope (Russellville)	1	4			0	0		
	Searcy (Marshall)	0	4	0		_	0		
	- 1		•						
	Van Buren (Clinton) Pulaski (Jacksonville)	1	0		0	0	0		
	` '	0	<u>'</u>	1					
	Pulaski (North)	0	9			0	0		
	Pulaski (South)	0	5		3		0		
	Pulaski (Southwest)	0	1	4	1	0	0		
	Bradley (Warren)	0	0				0		
	Calhoun (Hampton)	0	0	0			0	0	0
	Cleveland (Rison)	0	1	0			0	0	1
7	Dallas (Fordyce)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	Grant (Sheridan)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	Jefferson (Pine Bluff)	1	1	0	1	1	2	1	7
7	Lincoln (Star City)	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
	Lonoke (Lonoke)	0	4	0	1	0	0	0	5
	Prairie (DeValls Bluff)	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	

Area	County	Change in Family Circumstances	Foster Family's Decision	No Longer Meets Requirements	Adopted / Custody / Guardianship / Relative Only	Founded Abuse / Neglect	Provider / Services No Longer Needed	Other	Total
8	Clay (Piggott & Corning)	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
8	Craighead (Jonesboro)	0	7	1	5	0	4	0	17
8	Fulton (Salem)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	Greene (Paragould)	0	2	1	1	0	0	0	4
8	Izard (Melbourne)	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	3
8	Lawrence (Walnut Ridge)	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	2
8	Mississippi (Blytheville)	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	2
8	Mississippi (Osceola)	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
8	Randolph (Pocahontas)	0	2	0	3	0	2	0	7
8	Sharp (Ash Flat)	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2
9	Cleburne (Heber Springs)	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
9	Crittenden (West Memphis)	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	2
9	Cross (Wynne)	1	3	0	2	0	0	0	6
9	Independence (Batesville)	0	3	0	1	0	0	0	4
9	Jackson (Newport)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9	Poinsett (Harrisburg)	0	1	1	3	0	0	0	5
9	Stone (Mountain View)	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
9	White (Searcy)	0	3	0	4	0	0	0	7
9	Woodruff (Augusta)	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
10	Arkansas (Dewitt)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	Arkansas (Stuttgart)	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	2
10	Ashley (Hamburg)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	Chicot (Lake Village)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	Desha (McGehee)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	Drew (Monticello)	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
10	Lee (Marianna)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	Monroe (Brinkley)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	Monroe (Clarendon)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	Phillips (Helena)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	St. Francis (Forrest City)	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
99	Out of State	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total	7	120	38	64	1	22	1	253

Details of the Major Closure Categories Above (Statewide)						
Closure Reason	Specific Reason	Number of Homes Closed				
Adopted / Custody / Guardianship /	Child(ren) Left Care	35				
Relative Only	Custody / Guardianship	29				
	Health of Parent	5				
Change in Family Circumstances	Divorce	1				
	Moved	1				
	Provider Request	97				
Foster Family's Decision	Changed to Adopt Only	20				
	Taking a Break	3				
Founded Abuse / Neglect	True Maltreatment	1				
	DHS Request	33				
No Longer Meets Requirements	Failed Re-Evaluation / Non-Compliance	4				
	Arrested	1				
Provider / Services No Longer Needed	Provider / Services No Longer Needed	22				
Other	Contract Ended	1				

Appendix D: Summary of Foster Care Maltreatment Reports

Characteristics of Children in Foster Care Involved in Allegations of Maltreatment, 1st Quarter SFY 2024

One-hundred and thirty-three reports of alleged maltreatment involving children in foster care were received by the hotline during the first quarter of SFY 2024.

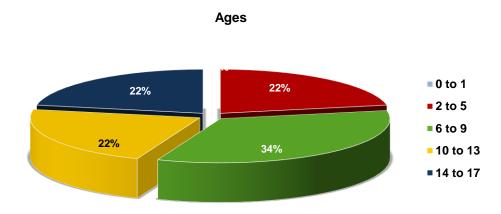
In 23 reports involving 27 children, foster parents⁵ were identified as the alleged offenders. As shown in the following chart, just one of those reports was found to be true. The foster home identified in this true report was subsequently closed.

Foster Home Maltreatment Reports 1st Quarter SFY 2024

True	Unsubstantiated	Pending
1	22	0

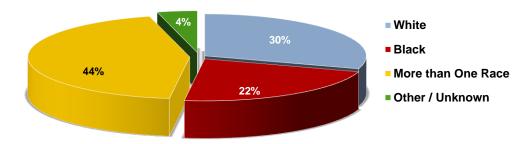
All allegations of maltreatment concerning foster homes are investigated by the Crimes Against Children Division (CACD) of the Arkansas State Police. DCFS staff do not actively participate in the investigation of these reports. Allegations of maltreatment regarding foster homes require the agency to assess the safety of all children residing in the home.

The following charts describe the characteristics of the 27 children in foster care who were involved in allegations of maltreatment with foster parents identified as the alleged offenders.

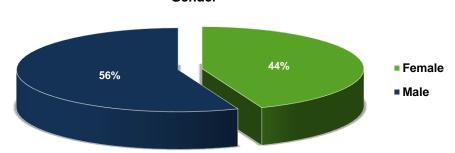


⁵ This includes foster family homes and therapeutic foster homes.

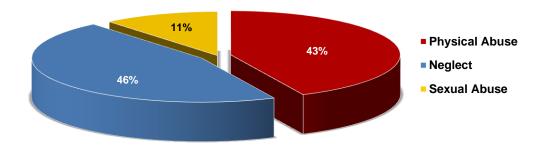
Race / Ethnicity



Gender



Allegations



Location of Foster Homes in Which Alleged Maltreatment Occurred

County	Number of Children Involved in Maltreatment Report(s)
Pulaski	4
Miller	3
Sebastian	3
Boone	2
Craighead	2
Pope	2
Ashley	1
Clark	1
Crawford	1
Crittenden	1
Faulkner	1
Jefferson	1
Mississippi	1
Newton	1
Phillips	1
Van Burden	1
Washington	1
Total	27