

SFY 2009

Annual Report Card



Produced for:
*Arkansas Department of Human Services
Division of Children and Family Services*

Produced by:
Hornby Zeller Associates, Inc.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Executive Summary	i
Part I: Performance Indicators	1
Percentage of Families with True Allegations of Child Maltreatment Three Months, Six Months and One Year after a Previous True Report.....	2
Percentage of Foster Families with True Reports of Maltreatment.....	3
Percentage of Children Receiving Supportive Services, Protective Services or Intensive Family Services who were Abused or Neglected within One Year of the Initiation of Services	4
Percentage of Children Receiving Supportive Services, Protective Services or Intensive Family Services who Entered Care within One Year of Initiation of Services	5
Percentage of Children Entering Foster Care who Returned Home within Eighteen Months.....	6
Percentage of Children in Foster Care who Experienced more than Three Placements within Eighteen Months of Entering Care.....	7
Percentage of Siblings in Foster Care who are Placed Together.....	8
Percentage of Children Living with Adoptive Families within Twelve Months of Termination of Parental Rights.....	9
Children Placed in Pre-adoptive Homes whose Adoptions were Finalized within Twelve Months of Entering Placement	10
Part II: Compliance Index	11
Timely Initiation of Child Maltreatment Assessments.....	12
Timely Completion of Child Maltreatment Assessments	13
24- and 72-Hour Initial Health Screenings.....	14
Comprehensive Health Assessments	15
Foster Home Recruitment	16
Foster Home Re-evaluations.....	16
Required Visits Made by Worker.....	17
Part III: Description of Population and Services	18
Section I: True Child Maltreatment Reports	19
Child Maltreatment Assessments.....	19
Characteristics of Children in True Maltreatment Reports.....	20
Children Involved in Allegations of True Maltreatment Reports.....	22
Section II: Foster Care	23
Characteristics of Children in Foster Care.....	23
Entries into Foster Care	27
Exits from Foster Care	31
Permanency Goals of Children in Foster Care.....	34
Length of Stay of Children in Foster Care	35

Number of Placements of Children in Foster Care	36
Characteristics of Children who Experienced Two or More Placements	37
Current Placement of Children in Foster Care	39
Characteristics of Children on Runaway Status at the End of the Year	40
Characteristics of Children in Relative Care.....	42
Section III: Adoption	44
Characteristics of Children with the Permanency Goal of Adoption During the Year.....	44
Characteristics of Children with the Permanency Goal of Adoption at the End of the Year	46
Characteristics of Children whose Parents have had Parental Rights Terminated During the Year.....	48
Characteristics of Children Available for Adoption at the End of the Year	50
Current Placement of Children Available for Adoption	52
Characteristics of Children Placed in Pre-adoptive Homes	53
Children not Placed in Pre-adoptive Homes whose Parents have had Parental Rights Terminated	55
Special Needs	55
Characteristics of Children with Finalized Adoptions.....	56
Subsidized Adoptions.....	58
Characteristics of Children who Receive Adoption Subsidies	58
Adoptive Homes.....	60
APPENDICES.....	61

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Annual Report Card (ARC) is distributed to agency managers and to the legislative committees dealing with children and youth. The ARC for State Fiscal Year (SFY) 2009 consists of three parts:

1. **Performance Indicators**, which provide information on service outcomes, such as:
 - a. *Percentage of Families with True Allegations of Child Maltreatment Three Months, Six Months and One Year After a Previous True Report*
 - b. *Percentage of Siblings in Placement who are Placed Together*
 - c. *Percentage of Children Living with Adoptive Families within Twelve Months of the Termination of Parental Rights*

2. **Compliance Index**, which reports on the Division's compliance with requirements set by DCFS with guidance from the Arkansas legislative children and youth committees, such as:
 - a. *Timely Completion of Child Maltreatment Assessments*
 - b. *24- and 72-Hour Initial Health Screenings for Children Entering Foster Care*
 - c. *Foster Home Recruitment*

3. **Description of Population and Services**, which describes the children who were the subjects of maltreatment reports, served in foster care and/or provided adoption services, such as:
 - a. *Types of Allegations in Child Maltreatment Reports*
 - b. *Permanency Goals of Children in Foster Care*
 - c. *Characteristics of Children Placed in Adoptive Homes*

The ARC provides this information on a yearly basis, showing trends over time. Descriptions of the client population at the various service stages are provided as well, so that the agency has information on populations and issues to target to improve performance.

Part I: Performance Indicators

The Division of Children and Family Services (DCFS) has established nine performance indicators to measure progress with regard to its major goals of child safety, permanency and well-being.

There were no noteworthy areas in this section during the fiscal year.

Part II: Compliance Index

DCFS has set compliance measures with guidance from the House Committee on Aging, Children and Youth, Legislative and Military Affairs and the Senate Interim Committee on Children and Youth. An index is compiled by reporting the level of compliance with these measures.

The Division improved in two areas regarding compliance requirements this fiscal year.

- Comprehensive Health Assessments

Of the children who entered foster care between May 2008 and April 2009 and remained in care for at least 60 days, **94 percent** received their comprehensive health assessments within the required timeframe, a seven percentage point increase from SFY 2008 but just below the goal of 95 percent.

- Foster Home Recruitment

The percentage of foster homes recruited during SFY 2009 increased to **133 percent** of the compliance goal (320 homes), 39 percentage points higher than SFY 2008 (94%).

While the Division improved in two areas, there were two areas which resulted in a decline in compliance during SFY 2008.

- Timely Completion of Child Maltreatment Assessments

Of the child maltreatment assessments assigned to DCFS for investigation during SFY 2009, **50 percent** were completed within the required 30-day period, a decrease of 11 percentage points from SFY 2008 (61%) and well below the goal of 90 percent.

- 24- and 72-Hour Initial Health Screenings

Of the children who required a health screening within 24 hours, **85 percent** received the screening in a timely manner for SFY 2009. The current compliance rate is four percentage points lower than the rate reported for SFY 2008 and below the goal of 95 percent.

Of the children who required a health screening within 72 hours, **83 percent** received their screenings in a timely manner during SFY 2009. The compliance rate, while only one percentage point lower than SFY 2008, is below the goal of 95 percent.

Part III: Description of Population and Services

This section describes the number and status of maltreatment assessments, services provided, children who were subjects of maltreatment reports, children who were served in foster care and children who received adoption services.

- **Supportive Services, Protective Services and Foster Care**

The combined number of supportive services, protective services and foster care cases increased by almost **41 percent** over the last ten years (13,273 – SFY 1999, 18,681 - SFY 2009).

- **Children in Foster Care**

The total number of children in foster care between the ages of zero and five increased by **87 percent** from SFY 2000 (1,650 children) to SFY 2009 (3,089 children).

The total number of children in foster care increased by **6 percent** from SFY 2008 (6,974) to SFY 2009 (7,446).

PART I: PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

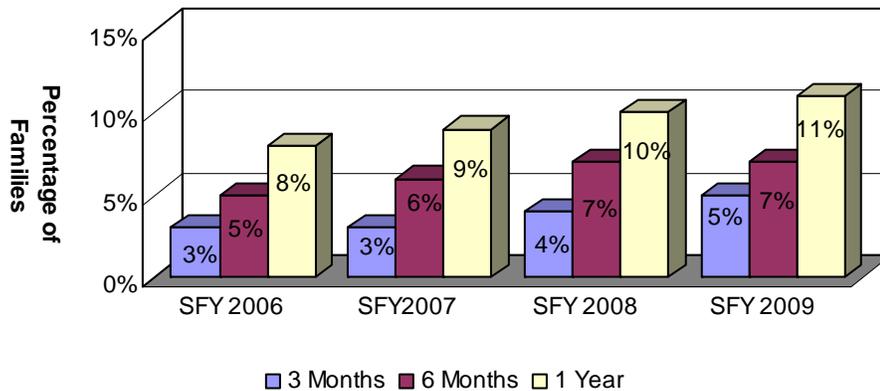
The Division has established nine performance measures to indicate levels of achievement of its major goals of child safety, family preservation and permanency:

- Percentage of families with true allegations of child maltreatment three months, six months and one year after a previous true report;
- Percentage of foster families with true reports of maltreatment;
- Percentage of children receiving Supportive Services, Protective Services or Intensive Family Service (IFS) who were abused or neglected within one year of the initiation of services;
- Percentage of children receiving Supportive Services, Protective Services or Intensive Family Service (IFS) who entered foster care within one year of the initiation of services;
- Percentage of children in foster care who returned home within 18 months;
- Percentage of children in foster care who have experienced more than three placements within eighteen months of entering care;
- Percentage of siblings in foster care who are placed together;
- Percentage of children living with adoptive families within 12 months of the termination of parental rights; and
- Number of children placed in pre-adoptive homes whose adoption were finalized within 12 months of entering a pre-adoptive placement.

Percentage of Families with True Allegations of Child Maltreatment Three Months, Six Months and One Year after a Previous True Report

Of the 6,150 families who were involved in a true report of maltreatment between July 2007 and June 2008, 297 families (4%) experienced a repeat true allegation of maltreatment within three months of the initial report. Of those same 6,150 families, 450 (7%) were involved in a repeat true report within six months of the original report and 695 (11%) were involved in a repeat true report within 12 months of the first report¹. The number of families who experienced recurrence of maltreatment has remained fairly consistent during the last three fiscal years, only varying from one to two percentage points.

Chart 1: Percentage of Families with True Allegations of Child Maltreatment within 3 Months, 6 Months and One Year after a Previous True Report

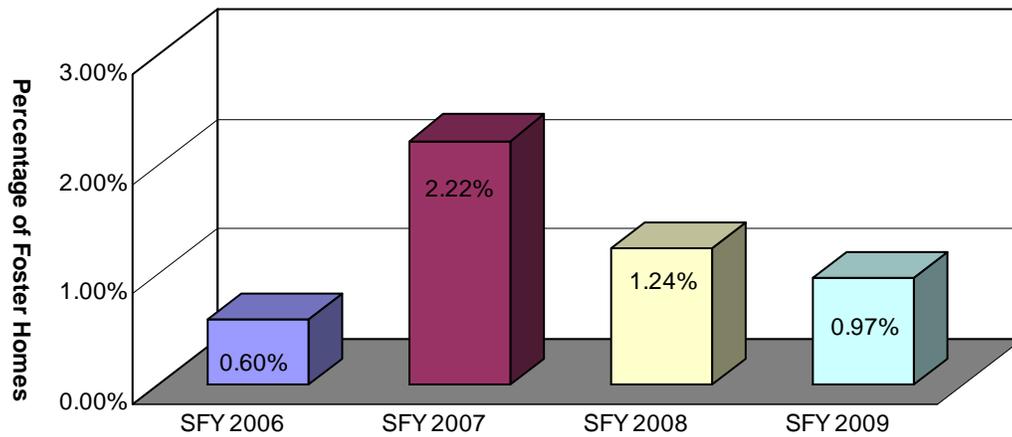


¹ Of the 695 repeat referrals within 12 months, 380 (55%) involved both the same type of abuse and the same perpetrator.

Percentage of Foster Families with True Reports of Maltreatment

There were 162 foster home maltreatment reports received during SFY 2009. Of those, 18 were found to be true. Based on the 1,850 DCFS foster homes² open during the year, the percentage of foster families with a true report of maltreatment was 0.97 percent. This is down 0.27 percentage points from SFY 2008 (1.24%).

Chart 2: Percentage of Foster Families with True Reports of Maltreatment

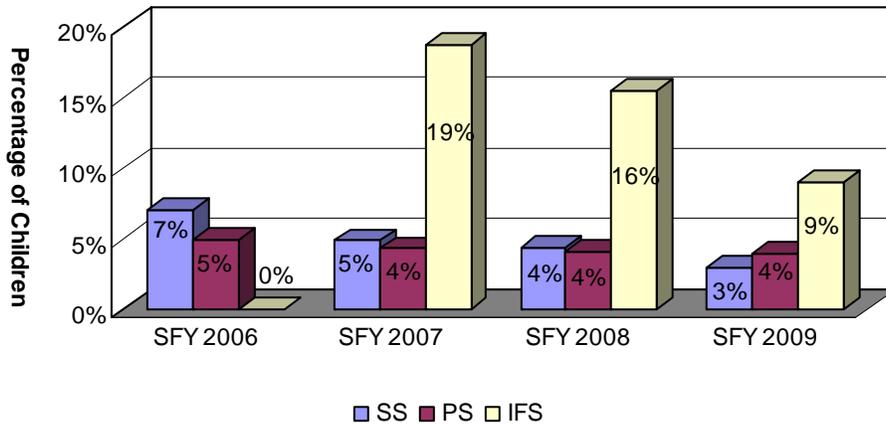


² This includes family and therapeutic foster homes.

Percentage of Children Receiving Supportive Services, Protective Services or Intensive Family Services who were Abused or Neglected within One Year of the Initiation of Services

There were 952 children who began receiving supportive services (SS) between July 2007 and June 2008. Of those children, 31 (3%) were involved in a true maltreatment report within one year of the initiation of services. There were 11,467 children who began receiving protective services (PS) during that same time period, and of those children, 483 (4%) experienced a true report of maltreatment within one year. Of the 191 children who began receiving intensive family services (IFS), 18 (9%) children were involved in a true report within a year of the initiation of services³. For children in receipt of supportive services, the percentage of children who were abused or neglected within one year of the initiation of services decreased by one percentage point between SFY 2008 and SFY 2009, while the percentage of children who were abused or neglected within one year who were in receipt of protective services remained the same. The percentage decreased from 16 percent to nine percent between the two SFYs for children in receipt of IFS.

Chart 3: Percentage of Children Receiving PS, SS or IFS Services who were Abused or Neglected within One Year of Initiation of Services

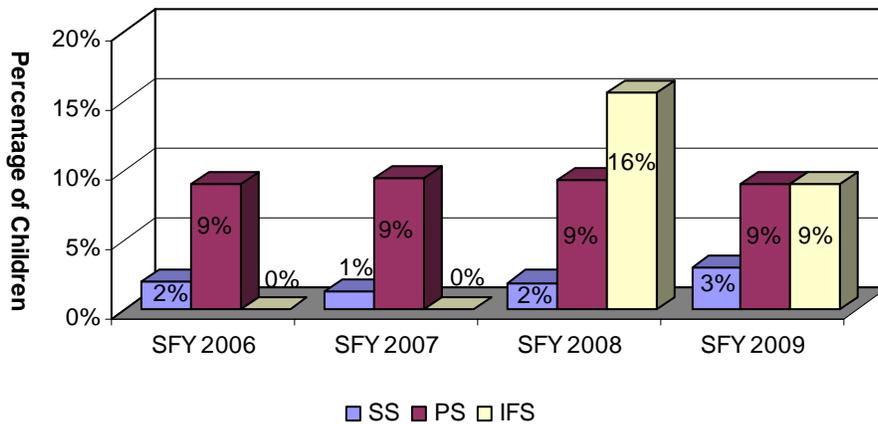


³ Generally, families who receive supportive services have less severe problems, while families receiving intensive family services are, by definition, in imminent risk of having one or more child(ren) placed in foster care or already have children in foster care. Protective services families fall somewhere between those two extremes.

Percentage of Children Receiving Supportive Services, Protective Services or Intensive Family Services who Entered Care within One Year of Initiation of Services

Of the 952 children who began receiving supportive services between July 2007 and June 2008, only 29 (3%) entered foster care within one year of the initiation of those services. Of the 11,467 children who began receiving protective services during that same time period, 979 (9%) entered foster care within one year of initiation of services. Eighteen of the 191 (9%) children who began receiving intensive family services entered foster care within one year of receiving those services. After a sharp spike in the percentage of children in receipt of intensive family services who entered foster care between state fiscal years 2007 and 2008, the percentage declined in state fiscal year 2009.

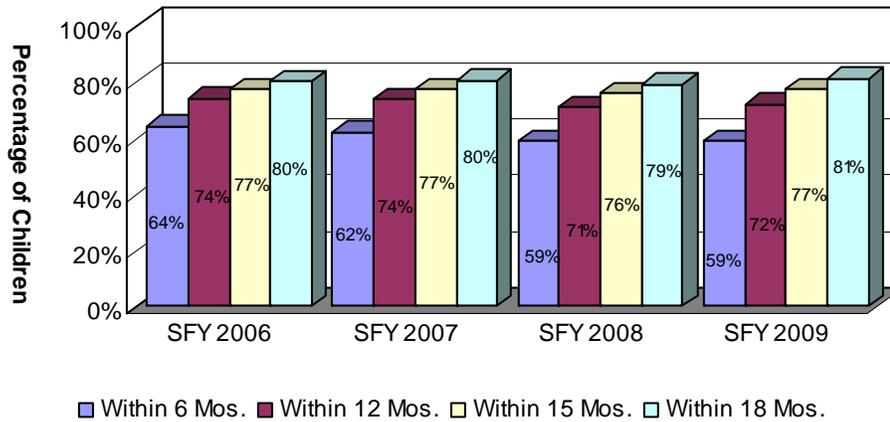
Chart 4: Percentage of Children Receiving SS, PS or IFS Services who Entered Foster Care within One Year of Initiation of Services



Percentage of Children Entering Foster Care who Returned Home within Eighteen Months

There were 3,690 children who entered foster care between January 2007 and December 2007⁴. Of that number, 2,194 children (59%) returned home within six months, 2,672 children (72%) returned home within 12 months, 2,858 children (77%) returned home within 15 months and 2,978 children (81%) returned home within 18 months of entering foster care.

Chart 5: Percentage of Children Entering Foster Care who were Returned Home within Eighteen Months

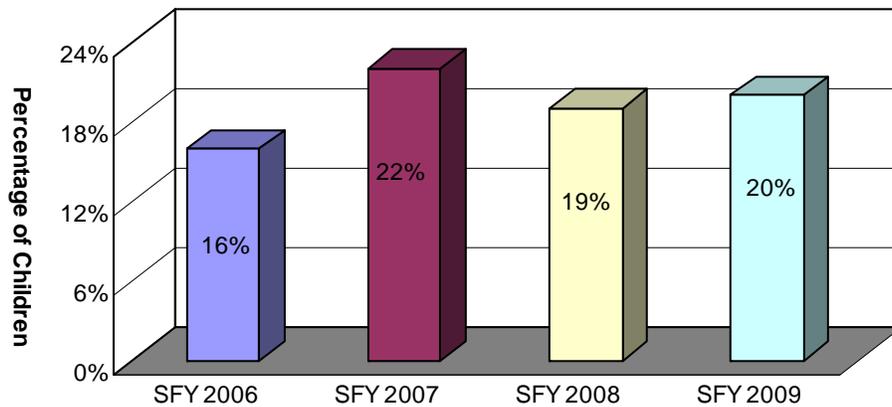


⁴ The 2007 calendar year was used for this analysis to provide up to 18 months to measure reunification.

Percentage of Children in Foster Care who Experienced more than Three Placements within Eighteen Months of Entering Care

Of those same 3,690 children who entered foster care between January 2007 and December 2007, 795 children (20%) experienced more than three placements within 18 months of entering care. This was one percentage point higher than SFY 2008 (19%).

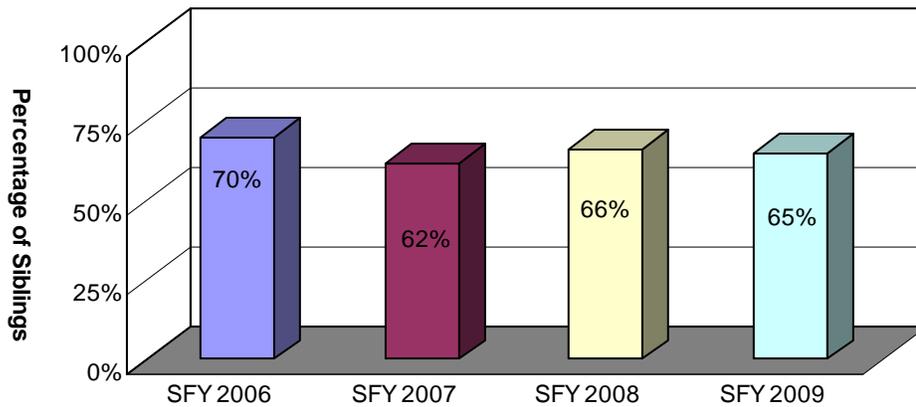
Chart 6: Percentage of Children in Foster Care who Experienced More than Three Placements within Eighteen Months of Entering Care



Percentage of Siblings in Foster Care who are Placed Together

At the end of SFY 2009, 1,928 children were in foster care and had siblings who were also in care. Of those children, 1,261 (65%) were placed with at least one of their siblings, while 854 (44%) were placed with all of their siblings. These figures do not exclude children who have been placed separately for valid reasons such as safety issues or court orders.

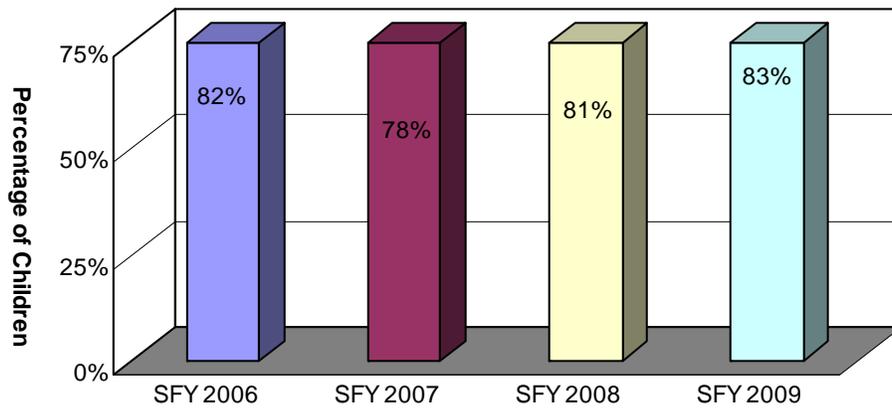
Chart 7: Percentage of Siblings in Foster Care who are Placed Together



Percentage of Children Living with Adoptive Families within Twelve Months of Termination of Parental Rights

There were 380 children with the goal of adoption whose parents had their parental rights terminated between July 2007 and June 2008. This represents an increase of 54 children when compared to SFY 2008 (326). Of those 380 children, 315 (83%) were placed with an adoptive family within 12 months of the termination of parental rights, resulting in a two percentage point increase from SFY 2008 (81%).

Chart 8: Percentage of Children Living with Adoptive Families within 12 Months of Termination of Parental Rights



Children Placed in Pre-adoptive Homes whose Adoptions were Finalized within Twelve Months of Entering Placement

There were 385 children who were placed in pre-adoptive homes between July 2007 and June 2008, a 54 percent increase from the previous year (250). Of those, 272 children (71%) had finalized adoptions within 12 months of being placed in their pre-adoptive home.

Of the children who were placed in a pre-adoptive home during SFY 2009, 24 children (6%) experienced a disruption. The percentage of children who experienced disruptions remained the same between SFY 2008 and SFY 2009. A disruption occurs when a child has been placed in a pre-adoptive home and the family or the child decides not to proceed with the adoption and the child leaves the pre-adoptive home.

Of the 385 children placed in pre-adoptive homes, the adoption was still pending finalization 12 months after the placement for 105 children.

Table 1: Children Placed in Pre-adoptive Homes during SFY 2009 whose Adoptions were Finalized within 12 Months of Entering Placement

Status	SFY 2008		SFY 2009	
	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
Finalized Adoption	189	76%	272	71%
Disrupted Adoptive Placements	15	6%	24	6%
Children with a Disruption who were Re-placed in a Pre-adoptive Home	10	4%	16	4%
Still Pending at the End of the Year	56	22%	105	27%

PART II: COMPLIANCE INDEX

The Division has set compliance measures with guidance from the Joint Interim Committee on Children and Youth. An index is compiled by reporting the level of compliance with these measures.

Goal Compliance Measure

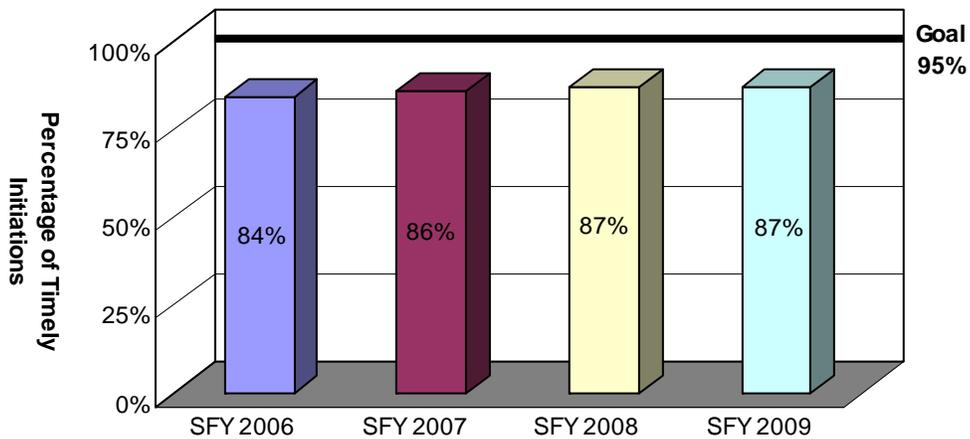
- 95%** ***Timely Initiation of Child Maltreatment Assessments.*** The investigator interviews or observes the victim child outside the presence of the alleged offender within 24 hours of any alleged severe maltreatment or within 72 hours otherwise.
- 90%** ***Timely Completion of Child Maltreatment Assessments.*** A determination must be made regarding an allegation of child maltreatment within 30 days of receipt of the allegation.
- 95%** ***24-Hour Initial Health Screenings.*** The screening is conducted within 24 hours after removal from the home on children who enter foster care due to an allegation of severe maltreatment, or if there is evidence of acute illness or injury.
- 95%** ***72-Hour Initial Health Screenings.*** This screening is conducted within 72 hours after removal from the home on all children who enter foster care who are not subject to the 24 hour screening.
- 95%** ***Comprehensive Health Assessments.*** Within 60 days of a child's entering foster care, an evaluation of their physical and mental health status must be completed.
- 320 Homes** ***Foster Home Recruitment.*** DCFS must ensure a sufficient number and variety of foster homes are available which meet minimal standards and match the needs and characteristics of foster children.
- 95%** ***Foster Home Re-evaluations.*** DCFS must re-evaluate, at least annually, each foster home's ability to care for children.
- 85%** ***Required Visits Made by Worker.*** DCFS must provide data on the percentages of required weekly visits made by DCFS workers to children in foster care.

Timely Initiation of Child Maltreatment Assessments

There were 30,191 referrals for child maltreatment assessments during SFY 2009. Of that number, 23,801 (79%) referrals were assigned to DCFS for investigation of which 20,745 assessments were initiated within the required period. This resulted in a compliance rate of 87 percent, which was the same as SFY 2008.

The Crimes Against Children Division (CACD) of the Arkansas State Police was responsible for handling the remaining child abuse referrals. CACD was responsible for 5,814 Priority I referrals and 576 Priority II referrals during SFY 2009. Of the Priority I referrals, 5,762 (99.5%) were initiated in a timely manner and 567 (99.4%) of the Priority II referrals were initiated in a timely manner.

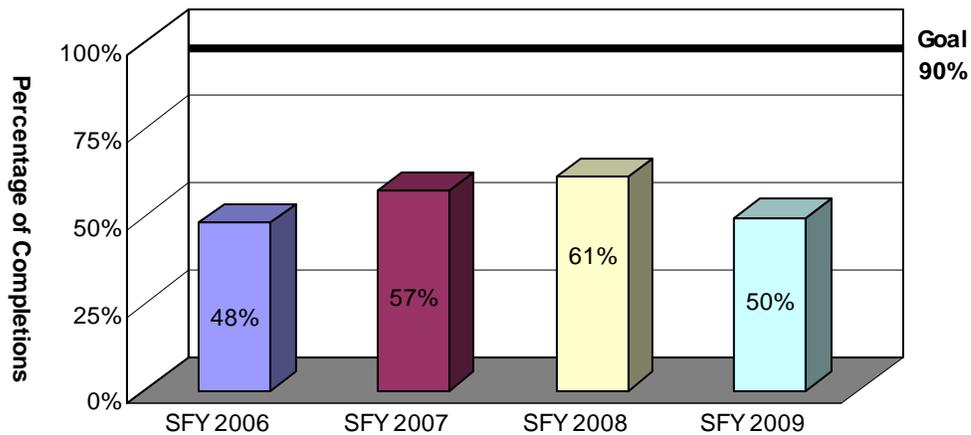
Chart 9: Timely Initiation of Child Maltreatment Assessments



Timely Completion of Child Maltreatment Assessments

Of the 23,801 assessments initiated by DCFS during SFY 2009, 11,777 were completed within the required 30-day period. This resulted in a compliance rate of 50 percent, a decrease of 11 percentage points from SFY 2008 (61%) and well below the goal of 90 percent⁵.

Chart 10: Timely Completion of Child Maltreatment Assessments



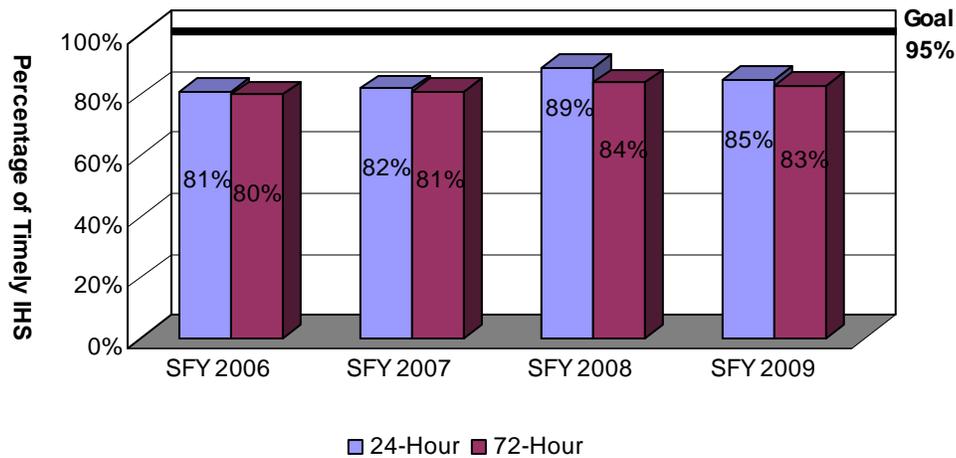
⁵ A special study was completed in the fall of 2009 to assist in completing overdue investigations.

24- and 72-Hour Initial Health Screenings

If a child enters foster care due to an allegation of severe maltreatment or if there is evidence of acute illness or injury, an initial health screening must be conducted within 24 hours of the child’s removal from the home. Of the 700 children who required the 24-hour health screening during SFY 2009, 596 (85%) received the screening in a timely manner. The compliance rate was four percentage points lower than the rate reported for SFY 2008 and below the goal of 95 percent.

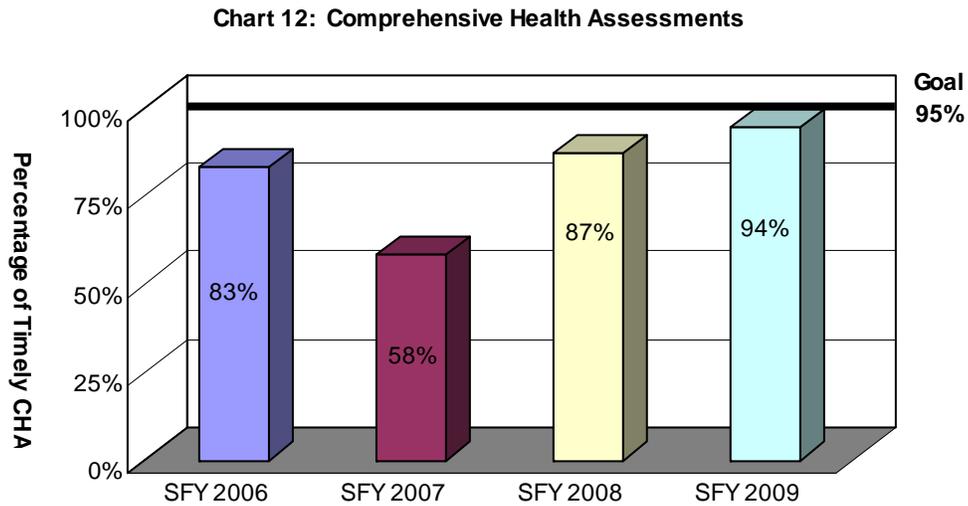
All children entering foster care who do not require the initial 24-hour health screening must undergo an initial health screening within 72 hours of their removal. Of the 3,223 children who required their health screening be completed within 72 hours, 2,659 (83%) received their screenings in a timely manner, one percentage point lower than SFY 2008 and below the goal of 95 percent.

Chart 11: 24- and 72-Hour Initial Health Screenings



Comprehensive Health Assessments

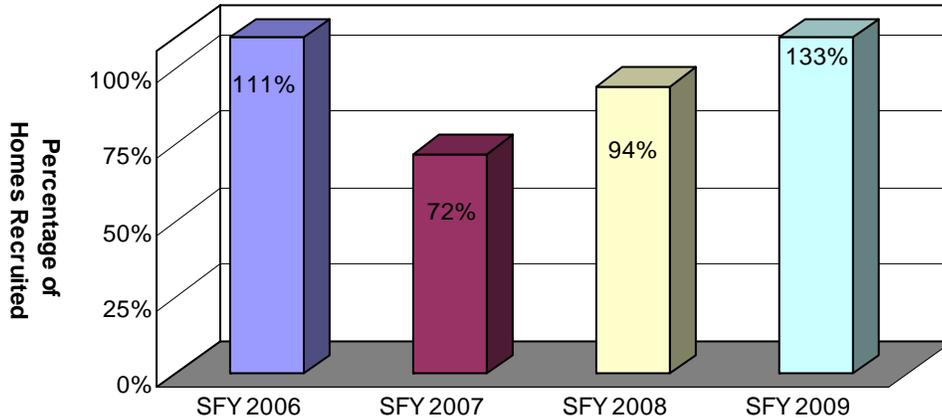
All children who enter foster care must receive a comprehensive health assessment to evaluate their physical and mental health status within 60 days of entering foster care. There were 1,855 children who entered foster care between May 2008 and April 2009 who remained in care for at least 60 days. Of those children, 1,735 received their comprehensive health assessment within 60 days of entering care. The resulting compliance rate was 94 percent, which was an increase of seven percentage points from SFY 2008 but slightly below the goal of 95 percent.



Foster Home Recruitment

There were 426 new foster homes recruited during SFY 2009. This was 106 foster homes more than the goal of 320 new homes for the year. This number resulted in a compliance rate of 133 percent, 39 percentage points higher than SFY 2008 (94%).

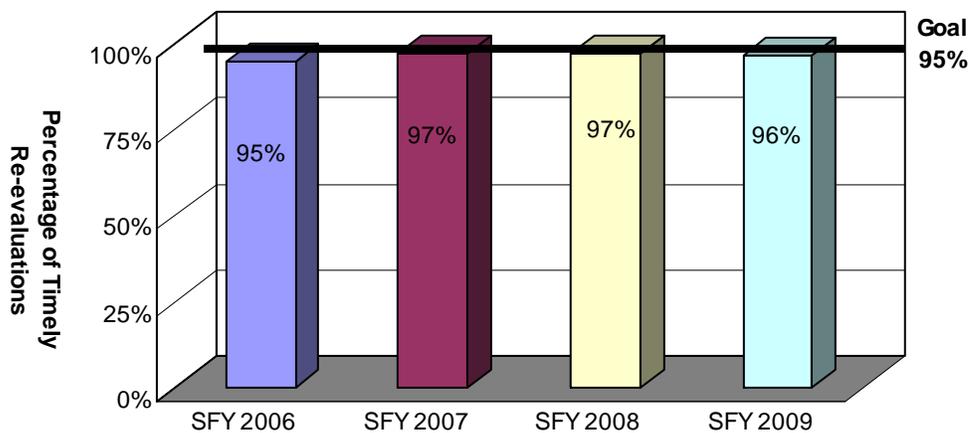
Chart 13: Foster Home Recruitment



Foster Home Re-evaluations

On an annual basis, at a minimum, DCFS is required to re-evaluate each foster home's ability to care for its children. Of the 1,077 DCFS foster homes that were active at the end of the year, 1,038 had a currently completed re-evaluation. The resulting compliance rate was 96 percent, which was a decrease of one percentage point from SFY 2008 but above the goal of 95 percent compliance.

Chart 14: Foster Home Re-evaluations

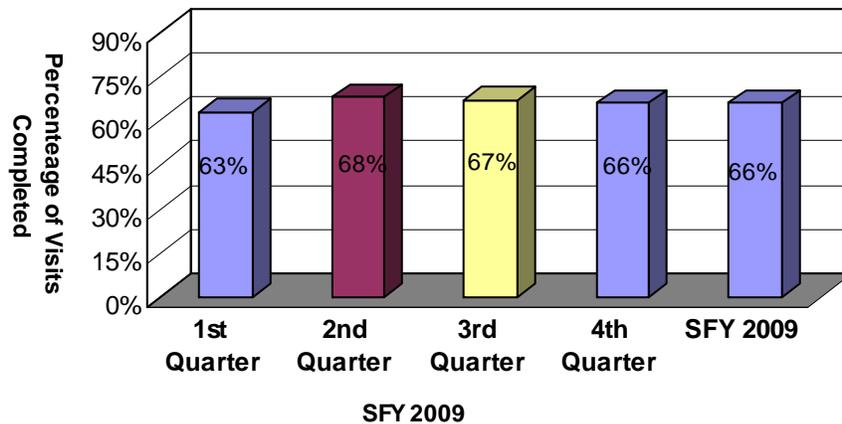


Required Visits Made by Worker

DCFS acknowledges the importance of worker contact with children in foster care and believes that visits should be in the home as often as possible. However, DCFS also recognizes that face-to-face visits in other locations can also meet good practice objectives. Consequently, the measurement of required monthly visits with children in care considers face-to-face visits in any setting as compliant.

During SFY 2009, the percentage of children who received monthly visits during the year averaged 66 percent.

Chart 15: Required Foster Care Monthly Visits Made by Worker



PART III: DESCRIPTION OF POPULATION AND SERVICES

This section describes the number and status of maltreatment assessments, children who were served in foster care and children who were provided adoption services.

Section I outlines the characteristics of children, such as age, gender and ethnicity, in true maltreatment reports. Additionally, this section describes the types of allegations in maltreatment reports.

Section II describes the foster care population, specifically the characteristics of children in foster care, entries and exits of children in foster care, reasons children came into care, lengths of stay for children in foster care and in relative care, placements of children in foster care and the number of placements children experience while in care.

Section III focuses on adoption data such as the characteristics of children available for adoption, current placement of those children, characteristics of children placed in adoptive homes, children whose parents have had their parental rights terminated but have not been placed in an adoptive home, finalized adoptions and adoption subsidies.

APPENDIX F provides an area and county breakdown for Foster Care, Protective Service and Supportive Service cases.

Part III: Description of Population and Services
Section I: True Child Maltreatment Reports

Child Maltreatment Assessments

There were 30,191 maltreatment assessments received during SFY 2009, a nine percent increase from SFY 2008 (27,672). Of those, 6,701 reports (22%) were found to be true, below the national percentage (25.2%)⁶. There were 9,721 victim children involved in the 6,701 true reports during SFY 2009. (See APPENDIX A for area and county breakdown).

Table 2: Child Maltreatment Assessments

	Total Assessments	True Assessments	Percent True
SFY 2009	30,191	6,701	22%
SFY 2008	27,672	6,288	23%
SFY 2007	26,817	6,946	26%
SFY 2006	25,178	6,277	25%

	DCFS			CACD		
	Total Assessments	True Assessments	Percent True	Total Assessments	True Assessments	Percent True
SFY 2009	23,801	4,138	17%	6,390	2,563	40%
SFY 2008	21,319	3,897	18%	6,353	2,391	38%
SFY 2007	20,625	4,389	21%	6,192	2,557	41%
SFY 2006	19,123	3,839	20%	6,055	2,438	40%

⁶ Source: Child Maltreatment 2007, Reports from the States to the National Child Abuse and Neglect Data System, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Administration on Children, Youth and Families, Children's Bureau.

Characteristics of Children in True Maltreatment Reports

As indicated above, there were 9,721 victim children involved in true reports during SFY 2009. This number represented a 10 percent increase from SFY 2008 (8,834 children)⁷.

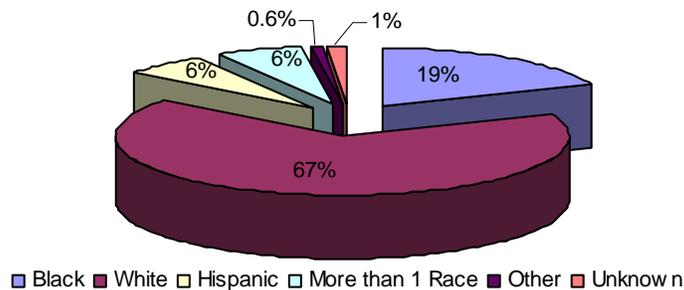
Table 3: Characteristics of Children in True Maltreatment Reports SFY 2009

Age	Gender	White	Black	Asian	AIAN	NAPI	Hispanic	More Than 1 Race	Total
0 to 1	Female	294	69	0	0	0	21	30	414
	Male	298	102	1	0	5	22	39	467
2 to 5	Female	768	211	5	0	4	67	89	1,144
	Male	790	225	4	0	6	94	90	1,209
6 to 11	Female	1,082	310	3	2	4	112	104	1,617
	Male	1,031	288	4	1	7	93	105	1,529
12 to 15	Female	890	266	3	1	2	78	57	1,297
	Male	518	146	0	1	1	39	42	747
16 to 18	Female	558	144	3	2	0	54	31	792
	Male	244	80	0	0	0	11	19	354
18+	Female	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3
	Male	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
Total*		6,478	1,843	23	7	29	591	606	9,577

*Demographic information was not entered into CHRIS for 144 children.

The chart below shows that 67 percent of the children involved in true maltreatment reports were white, while 19 percent were black and six percent were Hispanic. These are similar to the percentages from SFY 2008.

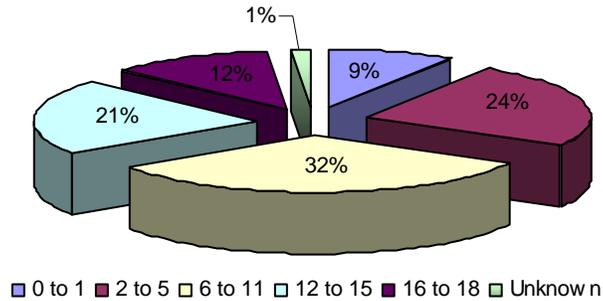
Chart 16a: Ethnicity of Children in True Maltreatment Reports



⁷ The table above, and each subsequent demographic table, divides counts of children by race and ethnicity, into the following categories: “Hispanic,” “More than One Race,” “Asian” (includes Indonesian, Cambodian, Hmong and Vietnamese), “AIAN” (includes Native American, Alaskan Native and American Indian) and “NAPI” (includes Native Hawaiian and other Pacific Islanders).

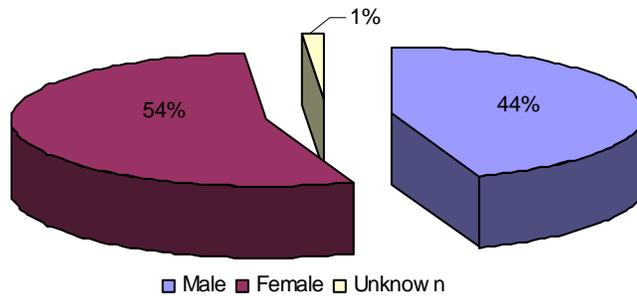
The following chart shows that children between the ages of six and 11 represented the highest number of children involved in the 6,701 true reports during SFY 2009 (32%). These percentages are similar to those from SFY 2008.

Chart 16b: Ages of Children Involved in True Maltreatment Reports



Fifty-four percent of the children involved in true reports were female, while 44 percent were male. These are similar to the percentages from SFY 2008.

Chart 16c: Gender of Children In True Maltreatment Reports



Children Involved in Allegations of True Maltreatment Reports

The majority of the 9,721 children in true maltreatment reports were involved in neglect allegations (83%) during SFY 2009, followed by allegations of physical abuse (41%) and sexual abuse (35%)⁸.

Table 4: Percentage of Children Involved in True Allegations of Maltreatment SFY 2009

	SFY 2008		SFY 2009	
Neglect	7,187	81%	8,052	83%
Physical Abuse	3,426	39%	4,028	41%
Sexual Abuse	3,255	37%	3,377	35%

⁸ The total number represented will outnumber the total children involved in true maltreatment reports because a child can be involved in more than one allegation.

**Part III: Description of Population and Services
Section II: Foster Care**

Characteristics of Children in Foster Care

There were 7,446 children in foster care during SFY 2009, an increase from SFY 2008 (6,974 children). This count includes children who remained in care from the previous year as well as children who came into care during SFY 2009. (See APPENDICES B, C and D for an area and county breakdown of demographic information.) The table below describes the characteristics of the children in foster care during the most recent state fiscal year.

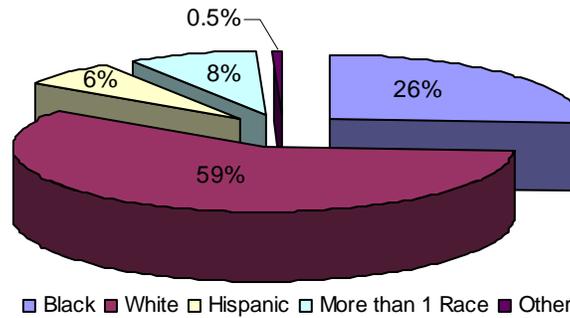
**Table 5: Characteristics of Children in Foster Care During the Year
SFY 2009**

Age	Gender	White	Black	Asian	AIAN	NAPI	His-panic	More Than 1 Race	Total
0 to 1	<i>Female</i>	344	139	2	2	0	38	46	571
	<i>Male</i>	339	160	1	1	1	42	55	599
2 to 5	<i>Female</i>	544	218	2	0	0	65	89	918
	<i>Male</i>	571	244	2	4	0	74	97	992
6 to 11	<i>Female</i>	539	220	2	0	0	48	63	872
	<i>Male</i>	577	256	0	2	0	57	85	977
12 to 15	<i>Female</i>	374	177	2	0	1	47	53	654
	<i>Male</i>	355	156	3	1	2	36	47	600
16 to 18	<i>Female</i>	296	135	3	0	0	31	35	500
	<i>Male</i>	212	90	0	0	0	16	25	343
18+	<i>Female</i>	127	60	2	0	0	9	11	209
	<i>Male</i>	111	56	1	1	1	7	13	190
Total*		4,389	1,911	20	11	5	470	619	7,425

*Demographic information had not been entered into CHRIS for 21 children.

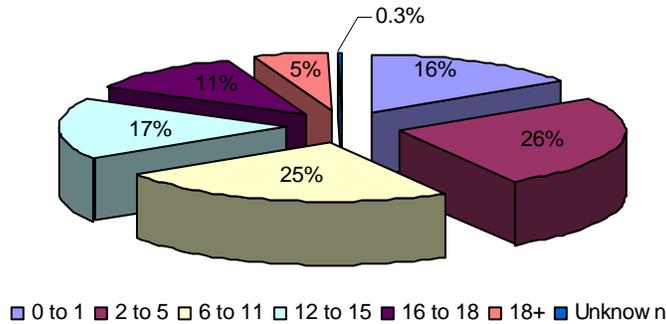
The chart below shows that 59 percent of the children in foster care during the year were white, while 26 percent of the children were black. National data reveal that only 41 percent of the children in the national foster care system were white, while 32 percent of the children were black⁹.

17a: Ethnicity of Children in Care During the Year



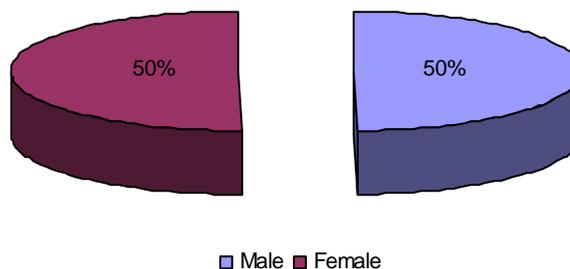
At least half of the children who were in care during the year were between the ages of two and 11 years old.

17b: Ages of Children in Care During the Year



The following chart shows the gender of the children in foster care during the year. Fifty percent of the children were female and 50 percent were male.

17c: Gender of Children in Care During the Year



⁹ Adoption and Foster Care Analysis and Reporting System (AFCARS) preliminary data submitted for children in foster care between 10/1/2004 and 9/30/2005 as of September 2006.

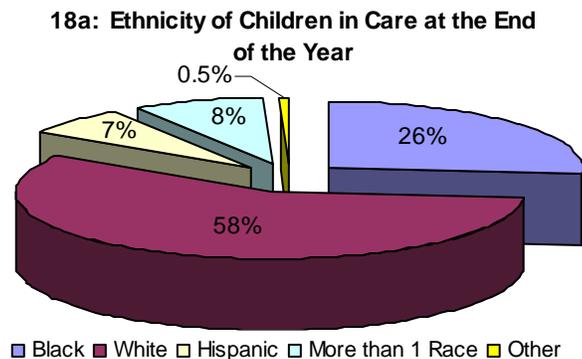
There were 3,856 children in foster care at the end of SFY 2009, a four percent increase from the 3,694 children in care at the end of SFY 2008. The following table outlines the characteristics of the children in foster care at the end of the latest state fiscal year.

Table 6: Characteristics of Children in Foster Care at the End of the Year SFY 2009

Age	Gender	White	Black	Asian	AIAN	NAPI	Hispanic	More Than 1 Race	Total
0 to 1	Female	171	79	1	0	0	22	22	295
	Male	170	87	1	0	1	15	24	298
2 to 5	Female	240	100	1	0	0	35	42	418
	Male	269	118	2	2	0	29	41	461
6 to 11	Female	259	113	0	0	0	23	28	423
	Male	300	117	0	1	0	37	46	501
12 to 15	Female	193	94	1	0	0	26	35	349
	Male	198	95	2	1	2	24	34	356
16 to 18	Female	167	93	1	0	0	21	21	303
	Male	151	63	0	0	0	11	21	246
18+	Female	61	30	1	0	0	5	6	103
	Male	60	24	0	0	1	3	6	94
Total*		2,239	1,013	10	4	4	251	326	3,847

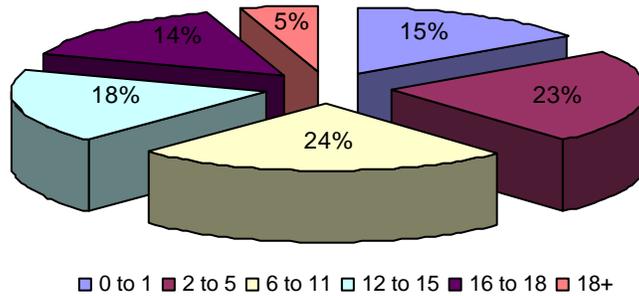
*Demographic information had not been entered into CHRIS for nine children.

The chart below shows that 58 percent of the children in foster care at the end of the SFY 2009 were white, while 26 percent of the children were black. Demographics regarding the ethnicity of children who were in care during the year were similar to the ethnicity of children in care at the end of SFY 2008.



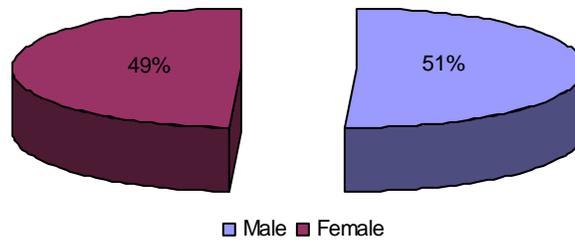
The following chart shows that children between the ages of six and 11 represented the highest percentage of children in care at the end of the year with 24 percent. Children ages two and five years represented the second highest percentage of children who were in care at the end of the year with 23 percent.

18b: Ages of Children in Care at the End of the Year



The following chart shows the gender of the children in foster care at the end of SFY 2008. These percentages are similar to the ones from the end of SFY 2008.

Chart 18c: Gender of Children in Care at the End of the Year



Entries into Foster Care

During SFY 2009, data show that 4,214 children entered foster care. This represented a 12 percent increase from the last fiscal year (3,754). The following table outlines the characteristics of children who entered foster care during SFY 2009.

Table 7: Characteristics of Children who Entered Foster Care During the Year SFY 2009

Age	Gender	White	Black	Asian	AIAN	NAPI	Hispanic	More Than 1 Race	Total
0 to 1	Female	282	113	2	0	0	28	39	464
	Male	303	132	1	0	0	33	39	508
2 to 5	Female	322	111	3	0	0	35	47	518
	Male	346	104	2	0	0	46	46	544
6 to 11	Female	320	124	2	0	0	26	31	503
	Male	321	150	1	0	0	25	47	544
12 to 15	Female	242	106	2	0	1	34	30	415
	Male	196	76	1	0	2	25	18	318
16 to 18	Female	152	56	1	0	0	17	13	239
	Male	96	32	0	0	0	10	6	144
18+	Female	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Male	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Total*		2,580	1,005	15	0	3	279	316	4,198

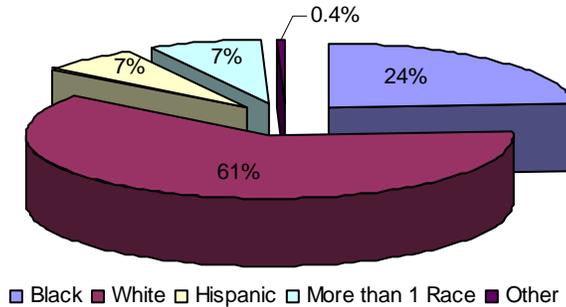
*Demographic information had not been entered into CHRIS for 16 children.

The chart on the following page shows that 61 percent of the children who entered foster care during the year were white, while 24 percent of the children were black. National data indicate that 47 percent of the children who entered care were white and 26 percent were black¹⁰. Hispanic children represented seven percent of the children who entered foster care, while they represented 18 percent nationally¹¹.

¹⁰ Adoption and Foster Care Analysis and Reporting System (AFCARS) preliminary data submitted for children in foster care between 10/1/2004 and 9/30/2005 as of September 2006.

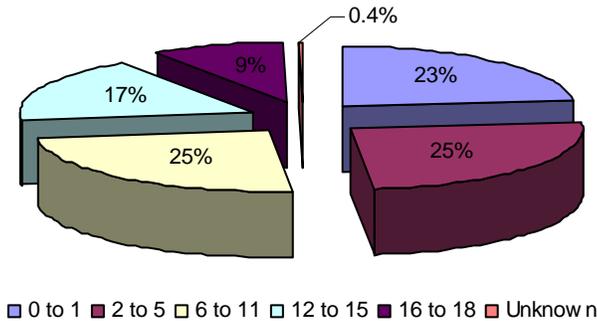
¹¹ Adoption and Foster Care Analysis and Reporting System (AFCARS) preliminary data submitted for children in foster care between 10/1/2004 and 9/30/2005 as of September 2006.

Chart 19a: Ethnicity of Children who Entered Care



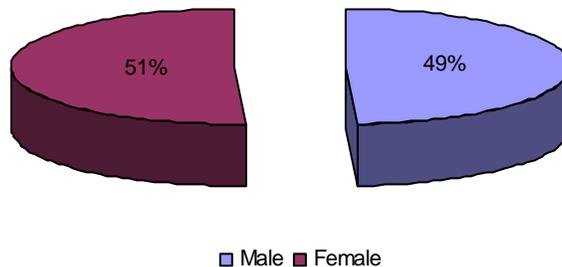
The following chart shows that children ages two to five and six to 11 represented the greatest percentage of children (25% each) who entered foster care during SFY 2008.

Chart 19b: Ages of Children who Entered Care



The following chart shows the gender of the children who entered foster care during SFY 2009. Fifty-one percent of the children were female and 49 percent were male. These percentages are similar to those reported for SFY 2008.

Chart 19c: Gender of Children who Entered Care

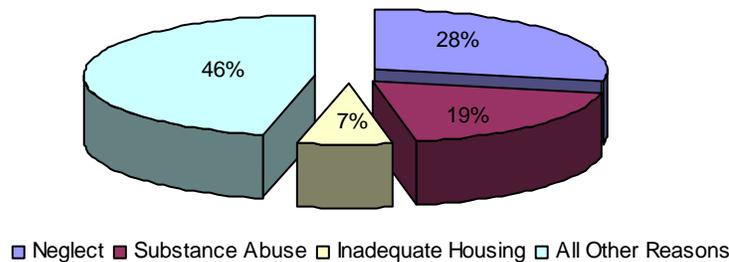


Neglect and substance abuse¹² were the most prevalent reasons children entered foster care. The reasons for entry into foster care for the children who were in foster care during the year (Table 8) were very similar to those who were in placement at the end of the year (Table 9).

Table 8: Reasons Children Placed in Foster Care by Age During the Year SFY 2009

	0 to 1	2 to 5	6 to 11	12 to 15	16 to 18	18+	Total
Neglect	770	939	1,004	612	202	2	3,529
Substance Abuse	676	633	570	337	158	0	2,448
Parent Incarceration	300	410	422	255	76	1	1,464
Physical Abuse	274	348	368	311	127	1	1,429
Child’s Behavior	0	0	101	293	174	1	569
Abandonment	64	82	125	130	104	0	505
Inadequate Housing	168	213	266	158	47	0	852
Caretaker Illness	145	146	177	180	91	1	740
Sexual Abuse	34	120	233	227	73	0	687
Truancy	0	0	50	86	43	1	180
Child’s Disability	7	11	20	20	4	1	63
Parent Death	8	10	16	22	21	0	77
Sex Offender	0	0	24	28	10	0	62
Relinquishment	6	4	5	8	5	0	28
Managed Mental Health	0	0	1	1	0	0	2
Teen Parent in Care	85	5	0	0	1	0	91
Adoption	0	0	0	2	0	0	2
Other	2	2	17	10	2	0	33
Total	2,539	2,923	3,415	2,738	1,138	8	12,761

Chart 20: Most Prevalent Reasons Children Entered Care



¹² Of the 2,448 instances where entry was attributed to substance abuse, substance abuse by parents (2,334 instances) accounted for the largest percentage (95%) as compared to substance abuse by children (5%).

**Table 9: Reasons Children in Foster Care at the End of the Year were Placed in Care
SFY 2009**

	White	Black	Asian	AIAN	NAPI	Hispanic	More Than 1 Race	Total
Neglect	1,207	441	3	1	1	114	165	1,932
Substance Abuse	824	268	1	2	0	70	104	1,193
Parent Incarceration	435	152	0	2	0	65	65	719
Physical Abuse	376	202	1	1	0	46	55	681
Child's Behavior	243	82	2	1	0	14	36	378
Abandonment	139	101	0	0	1	19	28	288
Inadequate Housing	332	133	0	0	0	20	49	534
Caretaker Illness	271	99	4	2	0	20	38	434
Sexual abuse	210	72	3	0	2	31	17	335
Truancy	86	24	0	0	0	9	17	136
Child's Disability	29	11	0	0	0	2	1	43
Parent Death	18	9	1	0	0	3	4	35
Sex Offender	30	5	0	0	0	2	4	41
Relinquishment	7	6	0	0	0	0	3	16
Managed Mental Health	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
Adoption	139	101	0	0	1	19	28	288
Teen Parent in Care	14	28	0	0	0	8	4	54
Other	11	14	0	0	0	0	3	28
Total*	4,233	1,648	15	9	4	423	593	6,925

*There are more reasons for entry than children in care because a child may have more than one reason for entry.

Exits from Foster Care

There were 4,050 children who exited foster care during SFY 2009, an eight percent increase from SFY 2008 (3,721 children). The table below outlines the characteristics of the children who left foster care during SFY 2009.

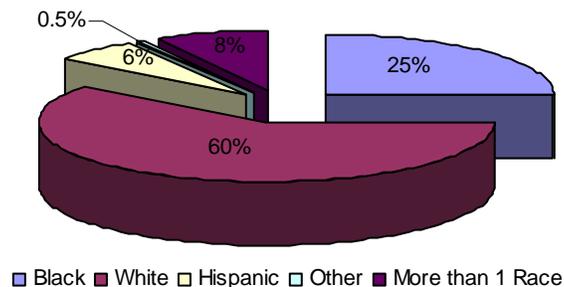
Table 10: Characteristics of Children Exiting Foster Care During the Year SFY 2009

Age	Gender	White	Black	Asian	AIAN	NAPI	Hispanic	More Than 1 Race	Total
0 to 1	Female	196	68	1	2	0	19	26	312
	Male	198	78	0	1	0	28	34	339
2 to 5	Female	326	136	2	0	0	35	51	550
	Male	329	139	0	2	0	50	62	582
6 to 11	Female	309	117	2	0	0	30	38	496
	Male	305	153	0	1	0	22	42	523
12 to 15	Female	208	96	1	0	1	22	22	350
	Male	177	67	1	0	0	12	17	274
16 to 18	Female	227	82	3	0	0	16	21	349
	Male	128	57	1	1	0	10	13	210
18+	Female	10	12	0	0	0	1	3	26
	Male	10	14	1	0	0	1	1	27
Total*		2,423	1,019	12	7	1	246	330	4,038

*Demographic data had not been entered into CHRIS for 12 children.

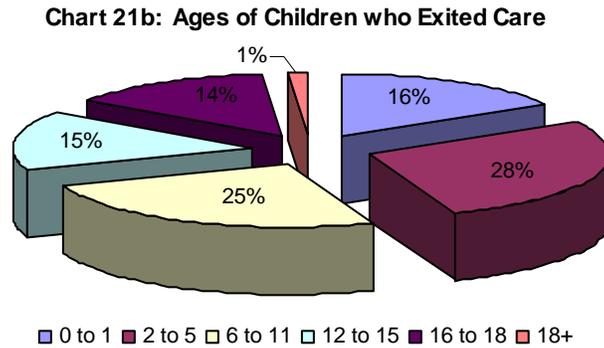
Of the 4,050 children who left foster care during the most recent state fiscal year, 60 percent were white, while 25 percent of the children were black. National data indicate that 46 percent of the children who left foster care during federal fiscal year 2006 were white and 27 percent were black¹³. The statewide percentages for SFY 2009 were similar to those in SFY 2008.

Chart 21a: Ethnicity of Children who Exited Care

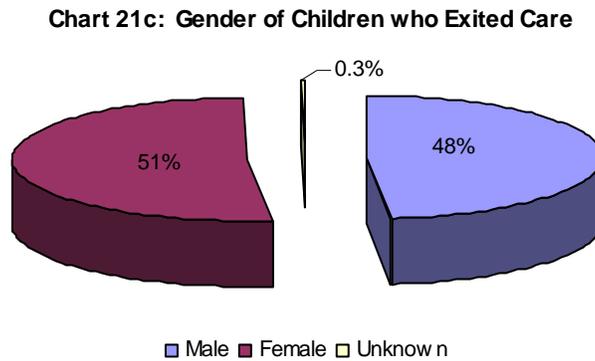


¹³ Adoption and Foster Care Analysis and Reporting System (AFCARS) preliminary data submitted for children in foster care between 10/1/2005 and 9/30/2006 as of January 2008.

The following chart shows that children between the ages of two and five represented the highest percentage of children (28%) who exited foster care during the year, followed closely by children between the ages of six and 11 (25%).



The following chart shows the gender of the children who left care during the year. Fifty-one percent of the children were female and 48 percent were male.



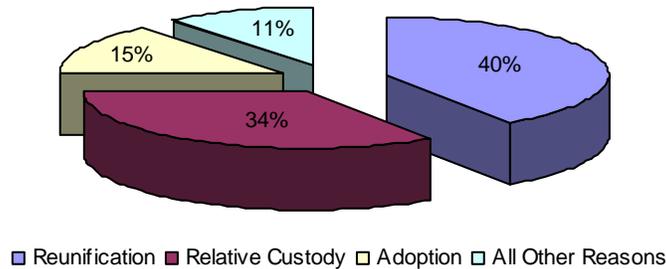
**Table 11: Reasons Children Exited Foster Care by Age
SFY 2009**

Reason	Age						Total
	0 to 1	2 to 5	6 to 11	12 to 15	16 to 18	Over 18	
Reunification	282	428	440	308	178	1	1,637
Relative Custody	272	392	358	232	129	1	1,384
Adoption	73	280	179	50	12	0	594
Child Aged Out	0	0	0	0	201	47	248
Non-Relative Custody	19	30	41	31	29	1	151
Emancipation	0	0	0	0	7	2	9
Death of Child	0	0	0	0	1	1	2
Custody Transfer	5	2	1	3	2	0	13
Total	651	1,132	1,019	624	559	53	4,038

*Demographic data had not been entered into CHRIS for 12 children.

The most prevalent reason children left foster care during SFY 2009 was reunification (40%), which had decreased two percentage points from SFY 2008 (42%). The second most prevalent reason was relative custody (34%), which also experienced a two percentage point decrease from SFY 2008 (36%). Fifteen percent of the children left foster care to adoption. National data indicate the top three most prevalent reasons children left care were reunification (53%), adoption (17%) and relative care (11%)¹².

Chart 22: Most Prevalent Reasons for Children Exiting Care



¹² Adoption and Foster Care Analysis and Reporting System (AFCARS) preliminary data submitted for children in foster care between 10/1/2005 and 9/30/2006 as of January 2008.

Permanency Goals of Children in Foster Care

The Division has two primary goals for children in foster care: safety and permanency. The second of these goals is achieved by setting a permanency goal for each child in foster care. For children in care during the year, more children had the goal of return home (46%) than any other goal. National data indicate that the top two most prevalent goals were return home (49%) and adoption (23%)¹⁵.

**Table 12: Permanency Goals of Children in Foster Care During the Year
SFY 2008 – SFY 2009**

	SFY 2008		SFY 2009		National
Return Home	3,063	44%	3,424	46%	49%
Adoption	1,181	17%	1,252	17%	23%
Independence	764	11%	751	10%	N/A
Remain at Home	1,101	16%	1,146	15%	N/A
Relative Care	313	4%	232	3%	4%
Guardianship	48	0.7%	50	0.7%	4%
Emancipation	5	0.07%	1	0.01%	6%
Long Term Care	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	9%
Not Yet Established	499	7%	590	8%	6%
Total*	6,974	100%	7,446	100%	100%

*Sum of individual percentages may not equal 100% due to rounding.

¹⁵ Adoption and Foster Care Analysis and Reporting System (AFCARS) preliminary data submitted for children in foster care between 10/1/2005 and 9/30/2006 as of January 2008.

Length of Stay of Children in Foster Care

For SFY 2009, 63 percent of the children in foster care had been in care less than one year. Compared to national data, children in the Arkansas foster care system stay in care a substantially shorter amount of time¹⁶. (See APPENDIX E for an area and county breakdown.)

**Table 13a: Length of Stay of Children in Foster Care
SFY 2009**

	Number	Percentage*	National
Less than 30 days	1,489	20%	5%
30-90 Days	1,070	14%	19%
3-6 Months	953	13%	
6-12 Months	1,182	16%	18%
12-24 Months	1,232	17%	22%
24-36 Months	641	9%	12%
36+ Months	879	12%	24%
Total	7,446	100%	100%

**Table 13b: Length of Stay of Children in Relative Care
SFY 2009**

	Number	Percentage*
Less than 30 days	43	6%
30-90 Days	97	13%
3-6 Months	145	20%
6-12 Months	172	23%
12-24 Months	158	21%
24-36 Months	78	11%
36+ Months	50	7%
Total	743	100%

**Table 13c: Length of Stay of Children in Foster Care
(Excluding Relative Care)
SFY 2009**

	Number	Percentage
Less than 30 days	1,446	22%
30-90 Days	973	15%
3-6 Months	808	12%
6-12 Months	1,010	15%
12-24 Months	1,074	16%
24-36 Months	563	8%
36+ Months	829	12%
Total*	6,703	100%

¹⁶ Adoption and Foster Care Analysis and Reporting System (AFCARS) preliminary data submitted for children in foster care between 10/1/2005 and 9/30/2006 as of January 2008. *Sum of individual percentages may not equal 100% due to rounding.

Number of Placements of Children in Foster Care

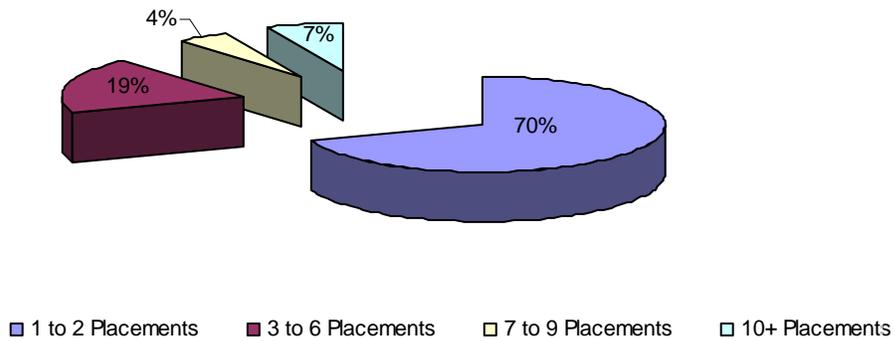
For SFY 2009, 70 percent of the children in care during the year experienced less than three placements. This is two percentage points higher than SFY 2008.

**Table 14: Number of Placements of Children in Foster Care
SFY 2008 – SFY 2009**

	SFY 2008		SFY 2009	
1-2 Placements	4,716	68%	5,180	70%
3-6 Placements	1,383	20%	1,419	19%
7-9 Placements	341	5%	334	4%
10+ Placements	534	8%	513	7%
Total	6,974	100%	7,446	100%

*Sum of individual percentages may not equal 100% due to rounding.

Chart 23: Number of Placements



Characteristics of Children who Experienced Two or More Placements

There were 3,856 children in care at the end of the year. Of those, 2,096 (54%) children experienced two or more placements while in foster care.

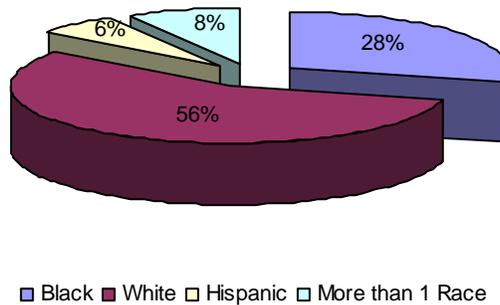
Table 15: Characteristics of Children who Experienced Two or More Placements SFY 2009

Age	Gender	White	Black	Asian	AIAN	NAPI	Hispanic	More Than 1 Race	Total
0 to 1	Female	43	16	0	0	0	7	3	69
	Male	48	25	1	0	1	3	9	87
2 to 5	Female	96	46	1	0	0	17	15	175
	Male	122	54	0	1	0	11	18	206
6 to 11	Female	140	68	0	0	0	9	15	232
	Male	171	74	0	1	0	23	25	294
12 to 15	Female	112	66	0	0	0	12	21	211
	Male	139	76	1	1	0	15	31	263
16 to 18	Female	158	98	2	0	0	18	16	292
	Male	154	73	0	0	1	10	23	261
Total		1,183	596	5	3	2	125	176	2,090

*Demographic data had not been entered into CHRIS for six children.

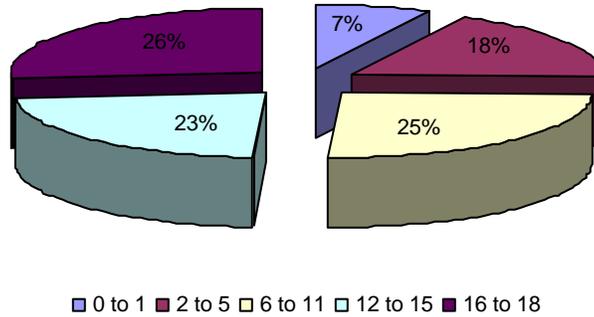
Of the 2,096 children who experienced two or more placements, 56 percent were white and 28 percent were black.

Chart 24a: Ethnicity of Children Who Experienced Two or More Placements



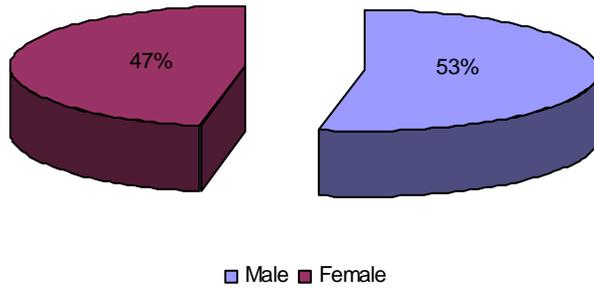
The largest group of children who experienced two or more placements was between the ages of 16 and 18 (26%), followed closely by children ages six to 11 (25%).

Chart 24b: Ages of Children who Experienced Two or More Placements



More male children (53%) than female children (47%) experienced two or more placements while in care.

Chart 24c: Gender of Children Who Experienced Two or More Placements



Current Placement of Children in Foster Care

More children who remained in foster care at the end of SFY 2009 were placed in foster homes than in any other placement setting. Fifty-three percent of the children were in DCFS foster homes, while seven percent of the children were placed in therapeutic foster homes.

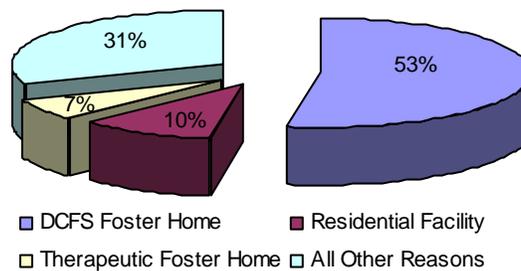
**Table 16: Current Placement of Children in Foster Care
SFY 2009**

Placement	Age						Total
	0 to 1	2 to 5	6 to 11	12 to 15	16 to 18	Over 19	
DCFS Foster Home	442	634	459	259	172	59	2,025
Relative Care	57	77	46	26	15	5	226
Therapeutic Foster Home	1	27	122	67	40	4	261
Adoptive Home*	30	50	53	18	2	1	154
Emergency Shelter	7	19	42	49	31	0	148
Residential Facility	12	20	78	120	130	31	391
Youth Services	0	0	0	10	17	5	32
Runaway	2	1	0	8	40	6	57
Trial Home Visit	34	42	74	32	17	3	202
Hospital/Medical	3	0	10	7	5	2	27
ASAP Residential Treatment	0	0	0	6	8	2	16
Incarceration	0	0	0	4	12	1	17
ASAP CRT	0	0	3	11	3	1	18
Acute CRT	0	1	4	12	6	0	23
Sub-Acute CRT	0	0	24	62	38	1	125
Independent Living	0	0	0	0	3	73	76
Temporary Placement	5	10	10	12	5	2	44
ASAP Therapeutic Foster Care	0	0	0	4	6	2	12
Unknown**	1	0	1	0	0	0	2
Total	594	881	926	707	550	198	3,856

*Non-finalized adoptions.

**Unknown due to data entry after report completion.

Chart 25: Current Placement of Children in Care



Characteristics of Children on Runaway Status at the End of the Year

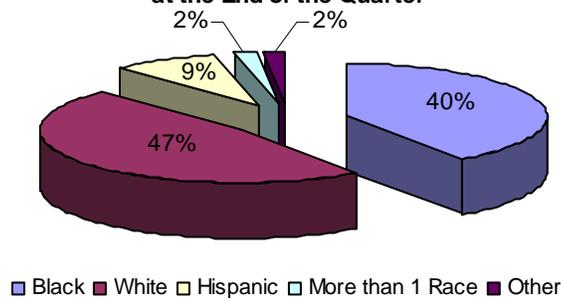
For SFY 2009, 57 children were in runaway status at the end of the year. This was a decrease of 14 children from SFY 2008 (71).

Table 17: Characteristics of Children on Runaway Status at the End of the Year SFY 2009

Age	Gender	White	Black	Asian	AIAN	NAPI	Hispanic	More Than 1 Race	Total
0 to 1	Female	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	Male	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
2 to 5	Female	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Male	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
6 to 11	Female	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Male	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12 to 15	Female	3	3	1	0	0	1	0	8
	Male	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
16 to 18	Female	10	12	0	0	0	3	0	25
	Male	10	4	0	0	0	1	0	15
18+	Female	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	4
	Male	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	2
Total		27	23	1	0	0	5	1	57

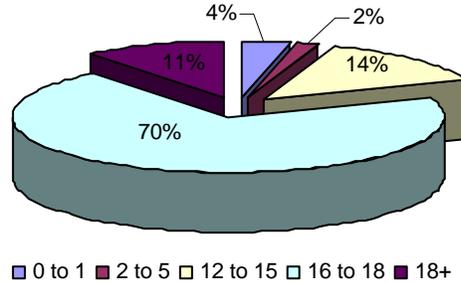
Of the children in runaway status at the end of the year, 47 percent were white and 40 percent were black.

Chart 26a: Ethnicity of Children on Runaway Status at the End of the Quarter



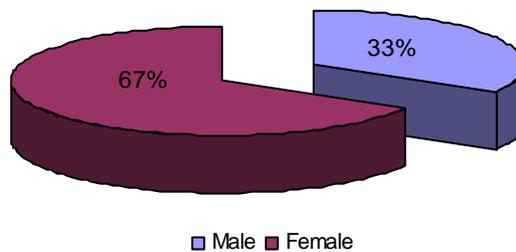
Seventy percent of the children who were in runaway status at the end of the year were between the ages of 16 and 18.

Chart 26b: Ages of Children on Runaway Status at the End of the Quarter



More female children (67%) than male children (33%) were in runaway status at the end of the year.

Chart 26c: Gender of Children on Runaway Status at the End of the Quarter



Characteristics of Children in Relative Care

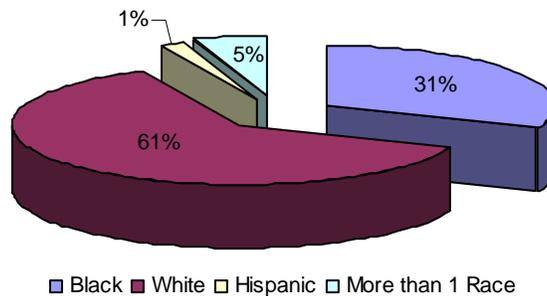
There were 743 children who were in relative care during SFY 2009. The table below outlines the demographics for those children.

**Table 18: Characteristics of Children in Relative Care
SFY 2009**

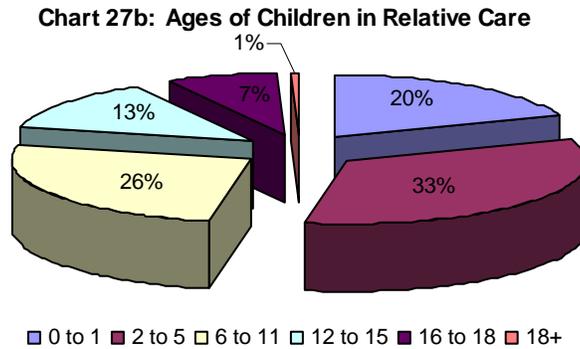
Age	Gender	White	Black	Asian	AIAN	NAPI	Hispanic	More Than 1 Race	Total
0 to 1	Female	44	22	0	0	0	2	5	73
	Male	43	21	0	0	0	1	7	72
2 to 5	Female	73	38	0	0	0	3	4	118
	Male	76	40	0	0	0	3	10	129
6 to 11	Female	62	33	0	0	0	1	6	102
	Male	63	25	0	0	0	0	3	91
12 to 15	Female	36	16	0	0	0	0	1	55
	Male	26	15	0	0	0	0	3	44
16 to 18	Female	25	14	1	0	0	1	0	41
	Male	6	6	0	0	0	0	1	13
18 +	Female	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
	Male	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	3
Total		456	233	1	0	0	11	40	743

White children represented the highest percentage of children (61%) in relative care, an increase of four percentage points from SFY 2008. Black children represented thirty-one percent, a slight decrease from SFY 2008 (32%).

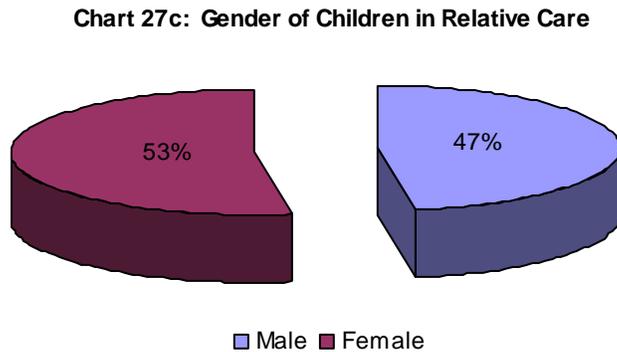
Chart 27a: Ethnicity of Children in Relative Care



Children between the ages of two and five represented the largest age group of children in relative care (33%), followed by children between the ages of six and 11 (26%).



Of the 743 children who were in relative care during the year, 53 percent were female and 47 percent were male.



Part III: Description of Population and Services
Section III: Adoption

Characteristics of Children with the Permanency Goal of Adoption During the Year

There were 1,252 children with the permanency goal of adoption during SFY 2009, a six percent increase from SFY 2008 (1,181). The table below outlines the characteristics of these children.

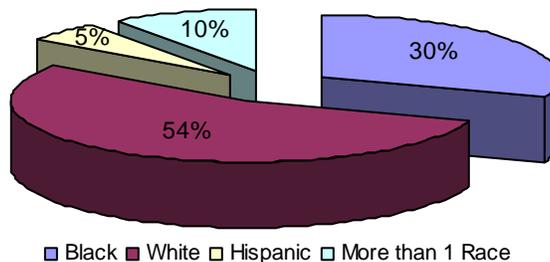
Table 19: Characteristics of Children with the Permanency Goal of Adoption During the Year SFY 2009

Age	Gender	White	Black	Asian	AIAN	NAPI	Hispanic	More Than 1 Race	Total
0 to 1	Female	33	17	0	1	0	4	5	60
	Male	28	24	0	1	0	0	7	60
2 to 5	Female	101	51	0	0	0	11	19	182
	Male	103	78	0	1	0	10	20	212
6 to 11	Female	107	60	0	0	0	12	17	196
	Male	150	56	0	0	0	14	20	240
12 to 15	Female	52	37	0	0	0	5	12	106
	Male	67	35	1	0	0	5	18	126
16 to 18	Female	22	6	0	0	0	2	3	33
	Male	16	13	0	0	0	1	4	34
18 +	Female	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Male	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Total*		680	377	1	3	0	64	125	1,250

*Demographic data had not been entered into CHRIS for two children.

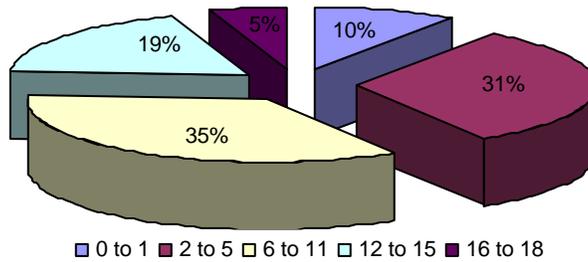
Fifty-four percent of the children whose permanency goal was adoption during the year were white, while 30 percent were black and five percent were Hispanic. These percentages were similar to SFY 2008.

Chart 28a: Ethnicity of Children with a Permanency Goal of Adoption During the Year



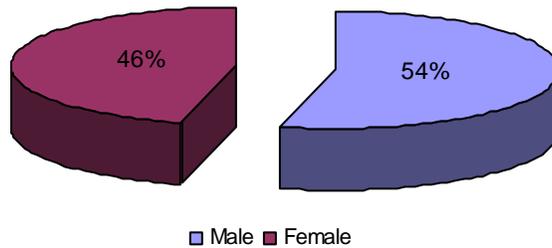
Children between the ages of six and 11 represented 35 percent of the children with a permanency goal of adoption during the year.

Chart 28b: Ages of Children with a Permanency Goal of Adoption During the Year



Of the 1,252 children whose permanency goal was adoption, 54 percent were male and 46 percent were female.

Chart 28c: Gender of Children with a Permanency Goal of Adoption During the Year



Characteristics of Children with the Permanency Goal of Adoption at the End of the Year

There were 802 children in care at the end of SFY 2009 whose permanency goal was adoption. This was a decrease from SFY 2008 (884). The following table outlines the characteristics of those children.

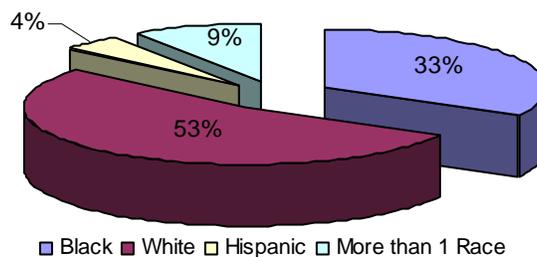
Table 20: Characteristics of Children with the Permanency Goal of Adoption at the End of the Year SFY 2009

Age	Gender	White	Black	Asian	AIAN	NAPI	Hispanic	More Than 1 Race	Total
0 to 1	Female	15	14	0	0	0	3	3	35
	Male	18	17	0	0	0	0	3	38
2 to 5	Female	39	28	0	0	0	9	7	83
	Male	51	48	0	1	0	1	5	106
6 to 11	Female	67	38	0	0	0	2	9	116
	Male	101	44	0	0	0	10	17	172
12 to 15	Female	40	29	0	0	0	3	9	81
	Male	60	31	1	0	0	5	16	113
16 to 18	Female	18	5	0	0	0	1	2	26
	Male	15	10	0	0	0	1	4	30
18 +	Female	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	Male	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total		425	264	1	1	0	35	75	801

*Demographic data had not been entered into CHRIS for one child.

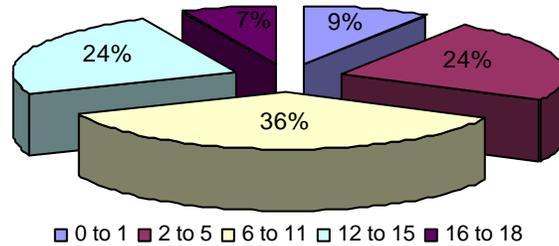
Fifty-three percent of the children with the permanency goal of adoption were white, 33 percent were black and nine percent had more than one ethnicity. These percentages were similar to SFY 2008.

Chart 29a: Ethnicity of Children with Permanency Goal of Adoption at the End of the Year



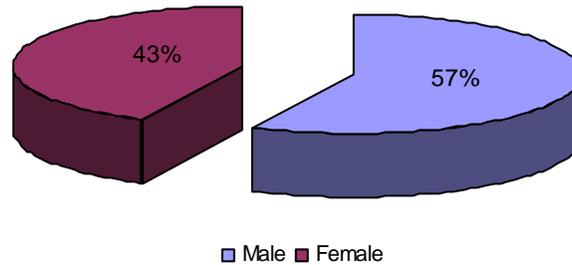
Children between the ages of six and 11 represented the largest group of children with the permanency goal of adoption who were in care at the end of the year (36%). Children ages of two to five and 12 to 15 represented the second largest groups of children (24% each).

Chart 29b: Ages of Children with Permanency Goal of Adoption at the End of the Year



More male children (57%) than female children (43%) in care at the end of the state fiscal year had a permanency goal of adoption.

29c: Gender of Children with Permanency Goal of Adoption at the End of the Year



Characteristics of Children whose Parents have had Parental Rights Terminated During the Year

There were 466 children whose parents had their parental rights terminated during SFY 2009. The table below outlines the characteristics of those children.

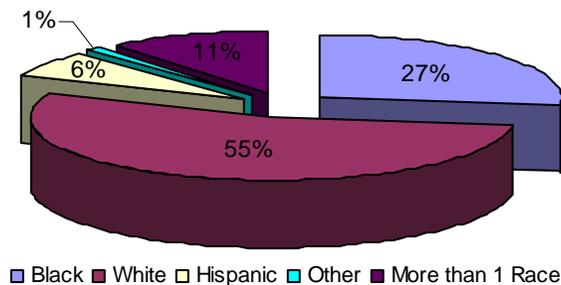
**Table 21: Characteristics of Children whose Parents have had Parental Rights Terminated During the Year
SFY 2009**

Age	Gender	White	Black	Asian	AIAN	NAPI	Hispanic	More Than 1 Race	Total
0 to 1	Female	27	11	0	1	0	2	2	43
	Male	18	14	0	1	0	3	10	46
2 to 5	Female	50	22	0	0	0	5	13	90
	Male	50	30	0	2	0	6	11	99
6 to 11	Female	39	17	0	0	0	4	3	63
	Male	38	17	0	0	0	4	1	60
12 to 15	Female	12	7	0	0	0	2	6	27
	Male	14	4	1	0	0	1	4	24
16 to 18	Female	6	1	0	0	0	3	1	11
	Male	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	2
Total		255	124	1	4	0	30	51	465

*Demographic data had not been entered into CHRIS for one child.

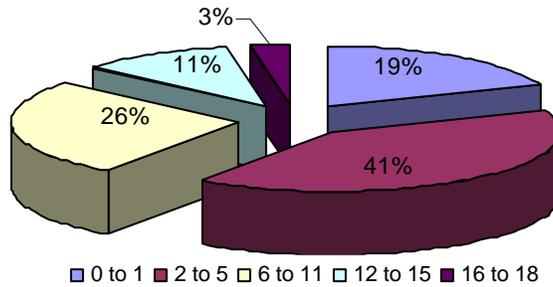
Fifty-five percent of the children whose parents had their parental rights terminated during SFY 2009 were white, while 27 percent of the children were black and six percent were Hispanic.

Chart 30a: Ethnicity of Children whose Parents have had Parental Rights Terminated During the Year



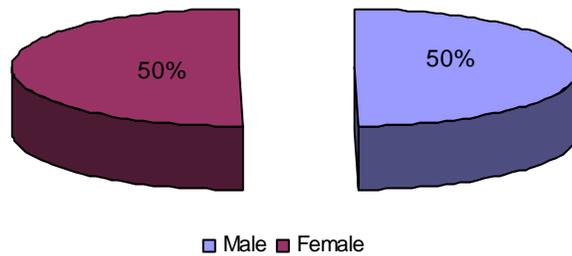
The largest group of children whose parents had their parental rights terminated during SFY 2009 was between the ages of two and five (41%).

Chart 30b: Ages of Children whose Parents have had Parental Rights Terminated During the Year



The same percentage of female children (50%) and male children (50%) had their parental rights terminated during SFY 2009.

Chart 30c: Gender of Children whose Parents have had Parental Rights Terminated During the Year



Characteristics of Children Available for Adoption at the End of the Year

There were 518 children available for adoption at the end of SFY 2009. Demographic information for children available for adoption is very similar to previous reports.

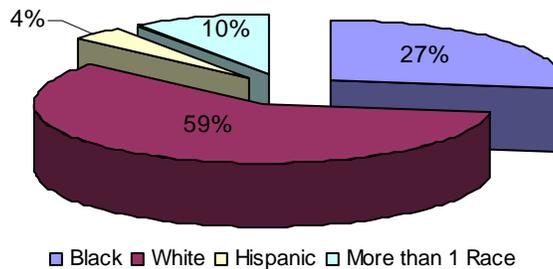
Table 22: Characteristics of Children Available for Adoption at the End of the Year SFY 2009

Age	Gender	White	Black	Asian	AIAN	NAPI	Hispanic	More Than 1 Race	Total
0 to 1	Female	8	7	0	0	0	0	1	16
	Male	8	7	0	0	0	0	2	17
2 to 5	Female	22	16	0	0	0	4	5	47
	Male	37	21	0	1	0	1	3	63
6 to 11	Female	55	23	0	0	0	1	5	84
	Male	72	20	0	0	0	6	9	107
12 to 15	Female	32	18	0	0	0	2	6	58
	Male	48	20	1	0	0	3	13	85
16 to 18	Female	13	4	0	0	0	1	2	20
	Male	10	5	0	0	0	1	4	20
Total		305	141	1	1	0	19	50	517

Demographic data had not been entered into CHRIS for one child.

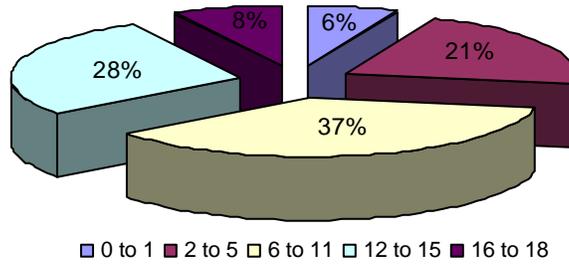
Fifty-nine percent of the children available for adoption at the end of SFY 2009 were white, while 27 percent of the children were black. The percentage of Hispanic children available for adoption was four percent in SFY 2009, which was one percentage point lower as the previous year, and the percentage of black children increased from 25 percent in SFY 2008 to 27 percent in SFY 2009.

Chart 31a: Ethnicity of Children Available for Adoption at the End of the Year



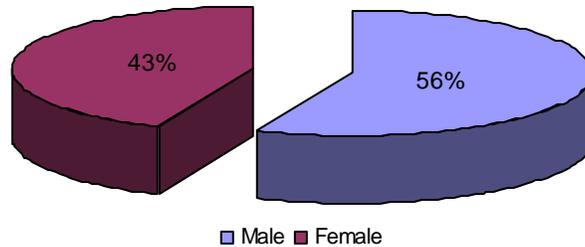
More children between the ages of six and 11 (37%) were available for adoption at the end of SFY 2009 than any other group of children. These percentages were similar to SFY 2008.

Chart 31b: Age of Children Available for Adoption at the End of the Year



More male children (56%) than female children (43%) were available for adoption at the end of SFY 2009.

Chart 31c: Gender of Children Available for Adoption at the End of the Year



Current Placement of Children Available for Adoption

More children who were available for adoption at the end of the SFY 2009 were placed in DCFS foster homes (40%) than in any other type of placement. The percentage of children in DCFS foster home placements at the end of SFY 2009 decreased by three percentage points over SFY 2008. Other results were similar to previous reports.

**Table 23: Current Placement of Children Available for Adoption
SFY 2009**

Placement	Number of Children	Percentage
DCFS Foster Home	206	40%
Pre-Adoptive Home	86	17%
Pre-Adoptive Home (Foster Home)	1	0.2%
Therapeutic Foster Home	102	20%
Relative Care	4	0.8%
Residential Facility	65	13%
Hospital/Medical	3	0.6%
Emergency Shelter	10	2%
ASAP Residential Treatment	2	0.4%
ASAP CRT	4	0.8%
Sub-Acute CRT	22	4%
Runaway	4	0.8%
ASAP Therapeutic Foster Care	2	0.4%
Temporary Placement	4	0.8%
Youth Services	3	0.6%
Total*	518	100%

*Sum of individual percentages may not equal 100% due to rounding.

Characteristics of Children Placed in Pre-adoptive Homes

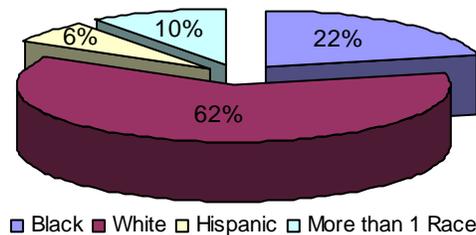
There were 368 children placed into pre-adoptive homes during SFY 2009. This number represented a thirty-five percent increase from the 273 children placed in pre-adoptive homes during SFY 2008. The characteristics of the children placed during the latest state fiscal year are outlined in the table below.

Table 24: Characteristics of Children Placed in Pre-adoptive Homes SFY 2009

Age	Gender	White	Black	Asian	AIAN	NAPI	Hispanic	More Than 1 Race	Total
0 to 1	Female	13	2	0	0	0	0	1	16
	Male	8	3	0	0	0	0	2	13
2 to 5	Female	49	19	0	0	0	2	11	81
	Male	46	22	0	0	0	8	10	86
6 to 11	Female	38	19	0	0	0	6	7	70
	Male	46	7	0	0	0	6	2	61
12 to 15	Female	11	4	0	0	0	0	3	18
	Male	13	4	0	0	0	0	1	18
16 to 18	Female	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	4
	Male	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Total		228	80	0	0	0	22	38	368

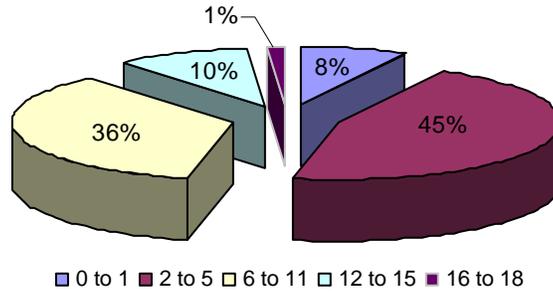
Of the 368 children placed into a pre-adoptive home during the year, 62 percent were white, compared to 60 percent in SFY 2008; and 22 percent were black, compared to 24 percent in SFY 2008.

Chart 32a: Ethnicity of Children Placed in Pre-Adoptive Homes During the Year



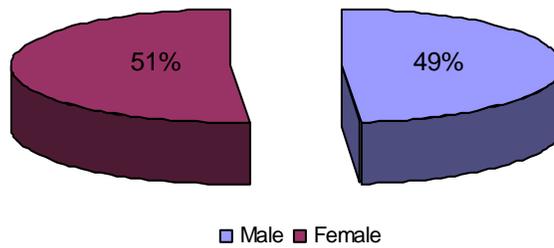
The largest group of children placed into a pre-adoptive home was between the ages of two and five (45%), followed by children between the ages of six and 11 (36%).

32b: Ages of Children Placed in Pre-Adoptive Homes During the Year



Of the 368 children placed into a pre-adoptive home during SFY 2009, 49 percent were male and 51 percent were female.

32c: Gender of Children Placed in Pre-Adoptive Homes During the Year



Children not Placed in Pre-adoptive Homes whose Parents have had Parental Rights Terminated

As of the end of SFY 2009, 431 children whose parents' parental rights were terminated had not been placed in a pre-adoptive home. This number was derived by subtracting the number of children placed in an adoptive home as of the end of the year (87) from the number of children available for adoption at the end of the year (518).

Special Needs

There were 273 children with special needs who were placed in a pre-adoptive home during SFY 2009¹⁷. Children with special needs are generally defined as Caucasian children over the age of nine, African American children who are two years old or older, or children who are members of a sibling group of three or more that are to be placed together with his or her siblings. The definition of special needs children also includes those who have severe medical or psychological needs that require ongoing treatment.

**Table 25: Children with Special Needs Placed in Pre-adoptive Homes
SFY 2009**

Special Need Condition	Number of Children
Race	270
Age	255
Member of sibling group	164

¹⁷ This number does not take into account children with severe medical and psychological needs because this data is not available in CHRIS (AR Children's Reporting and Information System). As enhancements are made to the data system to capture this information, the data will be provided in future reports.

Characteristics of Children with Finalized Adoptions

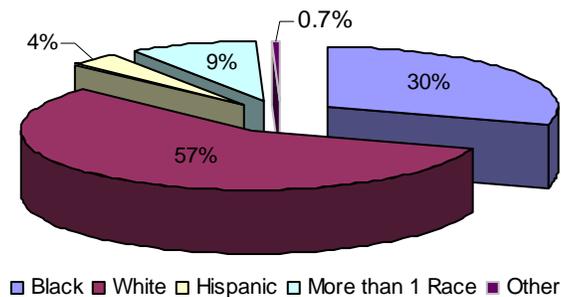
There were 610 children whose adoption was finalized during SFY 2009. This represented an increase from SFY 2008 (449). The characteristics of those children are outlined in the following table.

**Table 26: Characteristics of Children with Finalized Adoptions
SFY 2009**

Age	Gender	White	Black	Asian	AIAN	NAPI	Hispanic	More Than 1 Race	Total
0 to 1	Female	25	3	0	0	0	1	7	36
	Male	19	7	0	0	0	5	5	36
2 to 5	Female	83	44	0	0	0	3	11	141
	Male	74	49	0	1	0	5	13	142
6 to 11	Female	50	37	0	1	0	4	6	98
	Male	64	20	0	0	2	1	3	90
12 to 15	Female	13	12	0	0	0	3	3	31
	Male	12	7	0	0	0	0	3	22
16 to 18	Female	8	1	0	0	0	0	2	11
	Male	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	3
Total		350	181	0	2	2	22	53	610

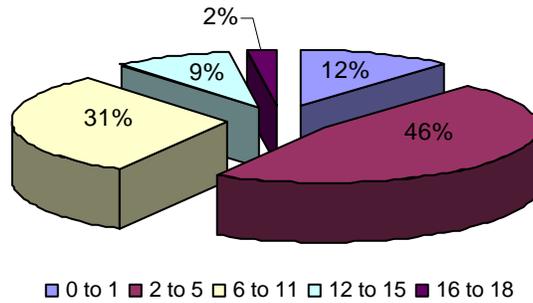
Of the children whose adoption was finalized during SFY 2009, 57 percent were white, 30 percent were black and four percent were Hispanic.

**33a: Ethnicity of Children with Finalized Adoptions
During the Year**



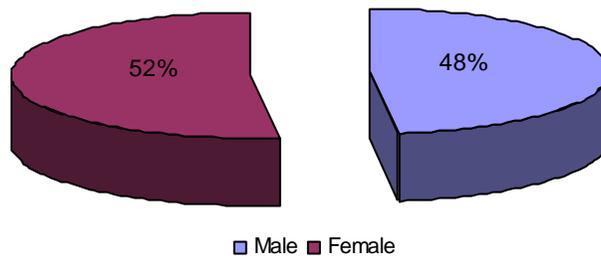
Children between the ages of two and five represented the largest group of children (46%) whose adoption was finalized during SFY 2009, followed by children between the ages of six and 11 (31%).

Chart 33b: Ages of Children with Finalized Adoptions During the Year



Fifty-two percent of the children whose adoption was finalized during SFY 2009 were female and 48 percent of the children were male.

Chart 33c: Gender of Children with Finalized Adoptions During the Year



Subsidized Adoptions

There were 476 children who began receiving adoption subsidies during SFY 2009. Of those, 406 children were receiving federally-funded subsidies, while 70 were receiving state-funded subsidies. In SFY 2008, 382 children received adoption subsidies, which consisted of 319 federally-funded subsidies and 63 state-funded subsidies.

Characteristics of Children who Receive Adoption Subsidies

There were 3,764 children who received adoption subsidies during SFY 2009. This was an increase of 13 percent from SFY 2008 (3,342). The following table outlines the characteristics of the children for the current state fiscal year.

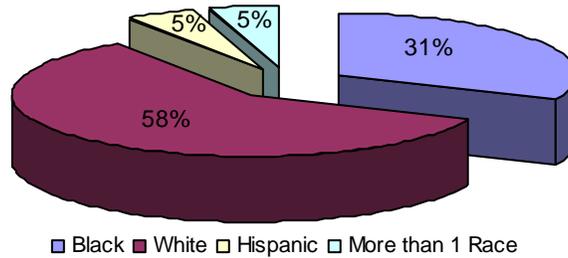
**Table 25: Characteristics of Children Receiving Adoption Subsidies
SFY 2009**

Age	Gender	White	Black	Asian	AIAN	NAPI	His-panic	More Than 1 Race	Total
0 to 1	<i>Female</i>	14	3	0	0	0	1	4	22
	<i>Male</i>	12	6	0	0	0	4	4	26
2 to 5	<i>Female</i>	201	83	2	0	0	18	24	328
	<i>Male</i>	198	105	2	1	0	23	18	347
6 to 11	<i>Female</i>	406	233	1	2	0	41	50	733
	<i>Male</i>	400	205	1	0	1	44	38	689
12 to 15	<i>Female</i>	253	168	1	2	0	20	15	459
	<i>Male</i>	311	158	0	1	1	7	13	491
16 to 18	<i>Female</i>	132	75	1	0	0	6	5	219
	<i>Male</i>	129	63	0	0	0	2	3	197
18+	<i>Female</i>	74	37	0	0	0	5	0	116
	<i>Male</i>	68	46	0	0	0	3	1	118
Total*		2,199	1,182	8	6	2	174	175	3,745

*Demographic data had not been entered into CHRIS for 19 children.

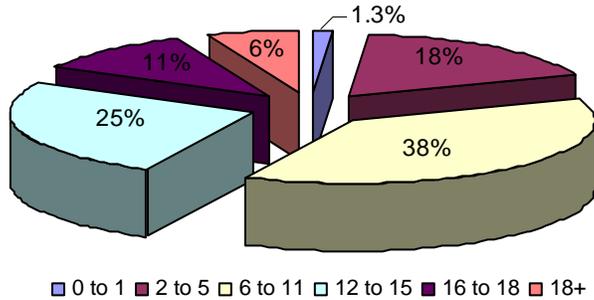
Fifty-eight percent of the children who received an adoption subsidy during the year were white, while 31 percent were black.

34a: Ethnicity of Children Receiving Adoption Subsidies During SFY 2005



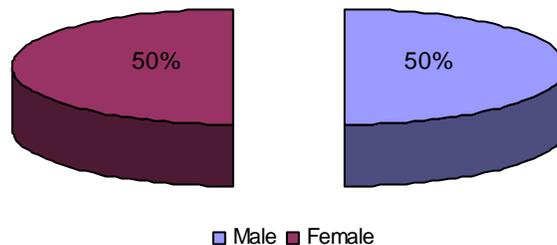
Children between the ages of six and 11 represented the largest group (38%) of children receiving an adoption subsidy.

34b: Ages of Children Receiving Adoption Subsidies During the Year



Fifty percent of the children receiving an adoption subsidy during the year were male and 50 percent were female.

34c: Gender of Children Receiving Adoption Subsidies During the Year



Adoptive Homes

There were 614 adoptive homes available at the beginning of SFY 2009, and 462 new homes were approved during the year. Of the 1,076 adoptive homes available for placement during the year, 269 had children placed within them during the year.

**Table 26: Adoptive Homes
SFY 2009**

	Total Adoptive Homes	Non-Foster Adoptive Homes	Foster Adoptive Homes
Homes available for children at beginning of the year	614	255	359
Newly available homes	462	226	236
Homes that had children placed during the year	269	105	164
Home that experienced a disruption	31	20	11
Homes that closed without a placement	332	168	164
Homes available at the end of the year	506	228	278

APPENDICES

APPENDIX A: Child Maltreatment Assessments by Area and County

Area	County	Total	TRUE	True %	Unsub*	Exempt Religion	Exempt UJO	Exempt Prenatal	UTL	Unknown
1	Benton (Bentonville)	1,945	407	20.93%	1,219	4	24	14	98	179
1	Carroll (Berryville)	333	81	24.32%	238	0	1	0	12	1
1	Madison (Huntsville)	147	35	23.81%	105	0	0	2	2	3
1	Washington (Fayetteville)	2,023	435	21.50%	906	0	14	21	44	603
	Area Total	4,448	958	21.54%	2,468	4	39	37	156	786
2	Crawford (Van Buren)	682	116	17.01%	528	0	10	9	12	7
2	Franklin (Ozark)	174	54	31.03%	107	0	4	0	8	1
2	Johnson (Clarksville)	311	93	29.90%	209	0	0	0	7	2
2	Logan (Booneville)	195	38	19.49%	147	0	2	1	4	3
2	Logan (Paris)	103	15	14.56%	78	0	0	2	7	1
2	Scott (Waldron)	167	28	16.77%	126	0	5	1	7	0
2	Sebastian (Fort Smith)	1,531	376	24.56%	1,033	0	15	23	59	25
2	Yell (Danville)	216	40	18.52%	163	0	0	4	3	6
	Area Total	3,379	760	22.49%	2,391	0	36	40	107	45
3	Clark (Arkadelphia)	242	46	19.01%	180	0	3	1	5	7
3	Garland (Hot Springs)	1,037	184	17.74%	723	0	15	36	78	1
3	Hot Spring (Malvern)	364	62	17.03%	292	0	0	4	2	4
3	Howard (Nashville)	131	25	19.08%	99	0	0	1	3	3
3	Montgomery (Mount Ida)	79	20	25.32%	57	0	0	1	1	0
3	Perry (Perryville)	134	32	23.88%	98	0	0	1	2	1
3	Pike (Murfreesboro)	108	21	19.44%	83	0	1	2	1	0
3	Polk (Mena)	229	55	24.02%	165	0	3	0	4	2
3	Saline (Benton)	1,006	229	22.76%	707	2	12	11	40	5
	Area Total	3,330	674	20.24%	2,404	2	34	57	136	23
4	Columbia (Magnolia)	196	51	26.02%	122	0	0	2	3	18
4	Hempstead (Hope)	180	45	25.00%	121	0	4	4	3	3
4	Lafayette (Lewisville)	65	14	21.54%	39	0	2	4	3	3
4	Little River (Ashdown)	136	17	12.50%	58	0	1	2	0	58
4	Miller (Texarkana)	533	89	16.70%	223	0	0	7	24	190
4	Nevada (Prescott)	90	15	16.67%	48	0	0	1	0	26
4	Ouachita (Camden)	245	77	31.43%	155	0	0	1	12	0
4	Sevier (DeQueen)	154	29	18.83%	60	0	0	0	2	63
4	Union (El Dorado)	320	91	28.44%	212	0	3	5	6	3
	Area Total	1,919	428	22.30%	1,038	0	10	26	53	364
5	Baxter (Mountain Home)	346	84	24.28%	246	0	2	6	7	1
5	Boone (Harrison)	485	137	28.25%	327	0	4	1	15	1
5	Conway (Morriton)	294	76	25.85%	195	0	1	1	20	1
5	Faulkner (Conway)	901	220	24.42%	624	0	6	15	32	4
5	Marion (Yellville)	156	44	28.21%	105	0	2	0	5	0
5	Newton (Jasper)	89	20	22.47%	69	0	0	0	0	0
5	Pope (Russellville)	712	115	16.15%	559	1	9	11	17	0
5	Searcy (Marshall)	75	15	20.00%	57	0	0	1	2	0
5	Van Buren (Clinton)	132	29	21.97%	99	0	0	0	4	0
	Area Total	3,190	740	23.20%	2,281	1	24	35	102	7

SFY 2009 Annual Report Card – APPENDICES

Area	County	Total	TRUE	True %	Unsub*	Exempt Religion	Exempt UJO	Exempt Prenatal	UTL	Unknown
6	Pulaski (East)	113	18	15.93%	83	0	0	4	8	0
6	Pulaski (Jacksonville)	67	18	26.87%	44	0	0	1	2	2
6	Pulaski (North)	225	73	32.44%	135	0	0	2	9	6
6	Pulaski (South)	2,817	681	24.17%	1,937	1	22	50	115	11
6	Pulaski (Southwest)	278	81	29.14%	179	0	3	8	6	1
	Area Total	3,500	871	24.89%	2,378	1	25	65	140	20
7	Bradley (Warren)	91	18	19.78%	71	0	0	0	2	0
7	Calhoun (Hampton)	32	7	21.88%	24	0	1	0	0	0
7	Cleveland (Rison)	75	19	25.33%	53	0	2	1	0	0
7	Dallas (Fordyce)	119	25	21.01%	90	0	2	0	2	0
7	Grant (Sheridan)	178	33	18.54%	134	0	2	1	5	3
7	Jefferson (Pine Bluff)	710	180	25.35%	453	1	4	26	41	5
7	Lincoln (Star City)	116	26	22.41%	83	0	2	2	3	0
7	Lonoke (Lonoke)	699	160	22.89%	388	0	3	3	15	130
7	Prairie (DeValls Bluff)	82	17	20.73%	47	0	0	0	2	16
	Area Total	2,102	485	23.07%	1,343	1	16	33	70	154
8	Clay (Piggott & Corning)	195	23	11.79%	126	0	0	0	10	36
8	Craighead (Jonesboro)	1,147	238	20.75%	682	0	2	23	24	178
8	Fulton (Salem)	134	32	23.88%	75	0	0	0	1	26
8	Greene (Paragould)	677	121	17.87%	451	0	4	6	29	66
8	Izard (Melbourne)	150	32	21.33%	86	0	0	0	3	29
8	Lawrence (Walnut Ridge)	254	62	24.41%	161	0	0	2	3	26
8	Mississippi (Blytheville)	479	110	22.96%	314	0	4	15	17	19
8	Mississippi (Osceola)	221	53	23.98%	150	0	1	7	6	4
8	Randolph (Pocahontas)	223	50	22.42%	134	0	3	2	2	32
8	Sharp (Ash Flat)	192	66	34.38%	109	0	1	3	4	9
	Area Total	3,672	787	21.43%	2,288	0	15	58	99	425
9	Cleburne (Heber Springs)	313	53	16.93%	246	0	0	5	0	9
9	Crittenden (West Memphis)	538	123	22.86%	302	0	2	23	18	70
9	Cross (Wynne)	208	66	31.73%	125	0	4	3	9	1
9	Independence (Batesville)	417	93	22.30%	249	0	0	4	0	71
9	Jackson (Newport)	192	39	20.31%	114	0	1	1	0	37
9	Poinsett (Harrisburg)	440	85	19.32%	267	0	1	4	15	68
9	Stone (Mountain View)	108	28	25.93%	77	0	0	0	0	3
9	White (Searcy)	830	178	21.45%	572	0	0	12	34	34
9	Woodruff (Augusta)	89	32	35.96%	46	0	0	1	8	2
	Area Total	3,135	697	22.23%	1,998	0	8	53	84	295
10	Arkansas (Dewitt)	79	19	24.05%	60	0	0	0	0	0
10	Arkansas (Stuttgart)	127	37	29.13%	87	0	1	0	1	1
10	Ashley (Hamburg)	186	48	25.81%	131	0	1	4	2	0
10	Chicot (Lake Village)	92	16	17.39%	73	0	0	0	1	2
10	Desha (McGehee)	136	20	14.71%	109	1	1	2	3	0
10	Drew (Monticello)	198	42	21.21%	149	0	1	5	0	1
10	Lee (Marianna)	79	18	22.78%	53	0	0	5	1	2
10	Monroe (Brinkley)	52	5	9.62%	46	0	0	1	0	0
10	Monroe (Clarendon)	21	5	23.81%	16	0	0	0	0	0
10	Phillips (Helena)	271	47	17.34%	204	0	1	6	13	0
10	St. Francis (Forrest City)	264	43	16.29%	203	0	1	11	2	4
	Area Total	1,505	300	19.93%	1,131	1	6	34	23	10
99	Unknown County	11	1	9.09%	5	0	0	0	0	5
	Statewide Total	30,191	6,701	22.20%	19,725	10	213	438	970	2,134

* "Unsub" = Unsubstantiated; "UTL" = Unable to Locate; "UJO" = Underage Juvenile Offender; "Unknown" = Status of assessment is not identified in CHRIS.

** This total includes both DCFS and CACD assessments.

APPENDIX B: Children in Foster Care by Ethnicity

Area	County	Total	White	Black	Asian	NAPI	AIAN	His-panic	More Than 1 Race	Unknown
1	Benton (Bentonville)	352	271	5	4	0	4	51	14	3
1	Carroll (Berryville)	59	57	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
1	Madison (Huntsville)	40	36	0	0	0	1	2	1	0
1	Washington (Fayetteville)	287	177	22	1	4	2	49	32	0
	Area Total	738	541	27	5	4	7	103	48	3
2	Crawford (Van Buren)	127	103	0	2	0	0	17	5	0
2	Franklin (Ozark)	39	37	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
2	Johnson (Clarksville)	50	41	1	0	0	0	7	1	0
2	Logan (Booneville)	33	30	0	0	0	0	3	0	0
2	Logan (Paris)	15	12	1	0	0	0	2	0	0
2	Scott (Waldron)	23	17	0	0	0	0	2	4	0
2	Sebastian (Fort Smith)	685	411	67	5	0	3	91	105	3
2	Yell (Danville)	42	30	0	0	0	1	10	1	0
	Area Total	1,014	681	69	7	0	4	132	118	3
3	Clark (Arkadelphia)	44	20	15	0	0	0	4	5	0
3	Garland (Hot Springs)	324	200	66	0	0	0	16	42	0
3	Hot Spring (Malvern)	47	37	3	0	0	0	1	6	0
3	Howard (Nashville)	31	8	12	0	0	0	5	6	0
3	Montgomery (Mount Ida)	27	26	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
3	Perry (Perryville)	34	26	3	0	0	0	3	2	0
3	Pike (Murfreesboro)	21	18	0	0	0	0	3	0	0
3	Polk (Mena)	85	77	0	0	0	0	4	4	0
3	Saline (Benton)	126	92	14	0	0	0	7	13	0
	Area Total	739	504	113	0	0	0	44	78	0
4	Columbia (Magnolia)	55	24	30	0	0	0	0	1	0
4	Hempstead (Hope)	34	13	15	0	0	0	1	4	1
4	Lafayette (Lewisville)	12	4	7	0	0	0	0	1	0
4	Little River (Ashdown)	49	27	5	0	0	0	8	9	0
4	Miller (Texarkana)	166	99	46	0	0	0	1	17	3
4	Nevada (Prescott)	20	13	7	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	Ouachita (Camden)	74	25	38	0	0	0	1	10	0
4	Sevier (DeQueen)	39	26	0	0	0	0	12	1	0
4	Union (El Dorado)	70	16	50	0	0	0	0	4	0
	Area Total	519	247	198	0	0	0	23	47	4
5	Baxter (Mountain Home)	58	51	0	0	0	0	3	4	0
5	Boone (Harrison)	103	91	0	0	1	0	4	6	1
5	Conway (Morrilton)	112	70	19	0	0	0	8	15	0
5	Faulkner (Conway)	116	94	14	0	0	0	2	6	0
5	Marion (Yellville)	39	38	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
5	Newton (Jasper)	21	20	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
5	Pope (Russellville)	181	147	10	0	0	0	13	11	0
5	Searcy (Marshall)	22	22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	Van Buren (Clinton)	38	34	0	1	0	0	0	3	0
	Area Total	690	567	43	1	1	0	31	46	1

SFY 2009 Annual Report Card – APPENDICES

Area	County	Total	White	Black	Asian	NAPI	AIAN	His-panic	More Than 1 Race	Unknown
6	Pulaski	4	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	0
6	Pulaski (East)	71	6	58	0	0	0	0	7	0
6	Pulaski (Jacksonville)	148	89	43	0	0	0	7	9	0
6	Pulaski (North)	282	72	171	1	0	0	10	28	0
6	Pulaski (South)	368	77	260	0	0	0	11	19	1
6	Pulaski (Southwest)	211	64	119	1	0	0	7	17	3
	Area Total	1,084	308	653	2	0	0	35	82	4
7	Bradley (Warren)	45	11	21	0	0	0	11	2	0
7	Calhoun (Hampton)	10	5	4	0	0	0	0	1	0
7	Cleveland (Rison)	22	15	4	0	0	0	3	0	0
7	Dallas (Fordyce)	32	8	19	1	0	0	0	4	0
7	Grant (Sheridan)	20	18	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
7	Jefferson (Pine Bluff)	268	48	200	1	0	0	4	13	2
7	Lincoln (Star City)	34	20	8	0	0	0	0	6	0
7	Lonoke (Lonoke)	139	116	11	0	0	0	5	7	0
7	Prairie (DeValls Bluff)	19	15	3	0	0	0	1	0	0
	Area Total	589	256	270	2	0	0	24	35	2
8	Clay (Piggott & Corning)	30	30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	Craighead (Jonesboro)	289	166	81	0	0	0	17	25	0
8	Fulton (Salem)	54	47	0	0	0	0	2	5	0
8	Greene (Paragould)	96	92	0	0	0	0	0	4	0
8	Izard (Melbourne)	43	40	0	0	0	0	2	1	0
8	Lawrence (Walnut Ridge)	66	66	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	Mississippi (Blytheville)	96	34	49	0	0	0	1	12	0
8	Mississippi (Osceola)	54	19	24	0	0	0	0	11	0
8	Randolph (Pocahontas)	58	56	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
8	Sharp (Ash Flat)	79	69	4	1	0	0	0	5	0
	Area Total	865	619	158	1	0	0	23	64	0
9	Cleburne (Heber Springs)	87	82	0	0	0	0	5	0	0
9	Crittenden (West Memphis)	169	50	99	2	0	0	5	13	0
9	Cross (Wynne)	25	15	6	0	0	0	1	3	0
9	Independence (Batesville)	137	111	3	0	0	0	14	9	0
9	Jackson (Newport)	61	27	32	0	0	0	1	1	0
9	Poinsett (Harrisburg)	91	86	0	0	0	0	0	5	0
9	Stone (Mountain View)	15	12	0	0	0	0	0	3	0
9	White (Searcy)	206	157	7	0	0	0	7	31	4
9	Woodruff (Augusta)	25	10	12	0	0	0	0	3	0
	Area Total	816	550	159	2	0	0	33	68	4
10	Arkansas (Dewitt)	23	11	12	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	Arkansas (Stuttgart)	24	12	8	0	0	0	0	4	0
10	Ashley (Hamburg)	40	19	13	0	0	0	5	3	0
10	Chicot (Lake Village)	39	4	29	0	0	0	1	5	0
10	Desha (McGehee)	27	6	15	0	0	0	2	4	0
10	Drew (Monticello)	67	33	22	0	0	0	8	4	0
10	Lee (Marianna)	12	1	10	0	0	0	0	1	0
10	Monroe (Brinkley)	14	5	7	0	0	0	0	2	0
10	Monroe (Clarendon)	5	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	Phillips (Helena)	70	10	53	0	0	0	0	7	0
10	St. Francis (Forrest City)	70	14	47	0	0	0	6	3	0
	Area Total	391	115	221	0	0	0	22	33	0
99	Unknown County	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Statewide Total	7,446	4,389	1,911	20	5	11	470	619	21

APPENDIX C: Children in Foster Care by Age

Area	County	Total	0-5 years	6-11 years	12-14 years	15+ years	Unknown
1	Benton (Bentonville)	352	163	77	44	68	0
1	Carroll (Berryville)	59	23	20	4	12	0
1	Madison (Huntsville)	40	13	9	8	10	0
1	Washington (Fayetteville)	287	119	66	45	57	0
	Area Total	738	318	172	101	147	0
2	Crawford (Van Buren)	127	50	34	16	27	0
2	Franklin (Ozark)	39	15	9	1	14	0
2	Johnson (Clarksville)	50	26	11	5	8	0
2	Logan (Booneville)	33	14	9	3	7	0
2	Logan (Paris)	15	1	1	2	11	0
2	Scott (Waldron)	23	8	9	3	3	0
2	Sebastian (Fort Smith)	685	266	186	95	138	0
2	Yell (Danville)	42	20	6	5	11	0
	Area Total	1,014	400	265	130	219	0
3	Clark (Arkadelphia)	44	19	11	7	7	0
3	Garland (Hot Springs)	324	133	70	34	87	0
3	Hot Spring (Malvern)	47	19	14	6	8	0
3	Howard (Nashville)	31	12	3	3	13	0
3	Montgomery (Mount Ida)	27	5	10	4	8	0
3	Perry (Perryville)	34	13	11	2	8	0
3	Pike (Murfreesboro)	21	13	3	0	5	0
3	Polk (Mena)	85	36	19	5	25	0
3	Saline (Benton)	126	58	37	12	19	0
	Area Total	739	308	178	73	180	0
4	Columbia (Magnolia)	55	16	15	11	13	0
4	Hempstead (Hope)	34	16	9	1	8	0
4	Lafayette (Lewisville)	12	3	3	2	4	0
4	Little River (Ashdown)	49	25	16	2	6	0
4	Miller (Texarkana)	166	51	35	25	55	0
4	Nevada (Prescott)	20	7	8	4	1	0
4	Ouachita (Camden)	74	23	24	8	19	0
4	Sevier (DeQueen)	39	16	10	3	10	0
4	Union (El Dorado)	70	24	16	12	18	0
	Area Total	519	181	136	68	134	0
5	Baxter (Mountain Home)	58	24	19	7	8	0
5	Boone (Harrison)	103	50	20	9	24	0
5	Conway (Morrilton)	112	36	31	15	30	0
5	Faulkner (Conway)	116	49	32	14	21	0
5	Marion (Yellville)	39	8	9	7	15	0
5	Newton (Jasper)	21	5	8	3	5	0
5	Pope (Russellville)	181	79	52	18	32	0
5	Searcy (Marshall)	22	5	2	3	12	0
5	Van Buren (Clinton)	38	13	5	4	16	0
	Area Total	690	269	178	80	163	0

SFY 2009 Annual Report Card – APPENDICES

Area	County	Total	0-5 years	6-11 years	12-14 years	15+ years	Unknown
6	Pulaski	4	1	1	0	2	0
6	Pulaski (East)	71	24	12	7	28	0
6	Pulaski (Jacksonville)	148	56	51	11	30	0
6	Pulaski (North)	282	101	77	44	60	0
6	Pulaski (South)	368	163	108	40	57	0
6	Pulaski (Southwest)	211	92	53	27	39	0
	Area Total	1,084	437	302	129	216	0
7	Bradley (Warren)	45	20	7	2	16	0
7	Calhoun (Hampton)	10	3	2	1	4	0
7	Cleveland (Rison)	22	10	8	2	2	0
7	Dallas (Fordyce)	32	10	7	7	8	0
7	Grant (Sheridan)	20	9	4	2	5	0
7	Jefferson (Pine Bluff)	268	122	54	20	72	0
7	Lincoln (Star City)	34	15	4	4	11	0
7	Lonoke (Lonoke)	139	60	42	11	26	0
7	Prairie (DeValls Bluff)	19	11	4	2	2	0
	Area Total	589	260	132	51	146	0
8	Clay (Piggott & Corning)	30	9	7	4	10	0
8	Craighead (Jonesboro)	289	149	69	27	44	0
8	Fulton (Salem)	54	22	14	7	11	0
8	Greene (Paragould)	96	45	28	9	14	0
8	Izard (Melbourne)	43	10	10	10	13	0
8	Lawrence (Walnut Ridge)	66	23	21	5	17	0
8	Mississippi (Blytheville)	96	44	24	16	12	0
8	Mississippi (Osceola)	54	29	10	6	9	0
8	Randolph (Pocahontas)	58	15	18	11	14	0
8	Sharp (Ash Flat)	79	30	14	11	24	0
	Area Total	865	376	215	106	168	0
9	Cleburne (Heber Springs)	87	41	21	8	17	0
9	Crittenden (West Memphis)	169	93	26	14	36	0
9	Cross (Wynne)	25	9	3	4	9	0
9	Independence (Batesville)	137	66	39	11	21	0
9	Jackson (Newport)	61	22	17	10	12	0
9	Poinsett (Harrisburg)	91	47	29	7	8	0
9	Stone (Mountain View)	15	3	7	2	3	0
9	White (Searcy)	206	102	60	17	27	0
9	Woodruff (Augusta)	25	13	3	6	3	0
	Area Total	816	396	205	79	136	0
10	Arkansas (Dewitt)	23	9	6	2	6	0
10	Arkansas (Stuttgart)	24	8	5	2	9	0
10	Ashley (Hamburg)	40	20	8	3	9	0
10	Chicot (Lake Village)	39	12	3	6	18	0
10	Desha (McGehee)	27	3	8	3	13	0
10	Drew (Monticello)	67	18	8	14	27	0
10	Lee (Marianna)	12	7	1	1	3	0
10	Monroe (Brinkley)	14	6	4	0	4	0
10	Monroe (Clarendon)	5	1	1	1	2	0
10	Phillips (Helena)	70	26	16	9	19	0
10	St. Francis (Forrest City)	70	33	13	11	13	0
	Area Total	391	143	73	52	123	0
99	Unknown County	1	1	0	0	0	0
	Statewide Total	7,446	3,089	1,856	869	1,632	0

APPENDIX D: Children in Foster Care by Gender

Area	County	Total	Male	Female
1	Benton (Bentonville)	352	187	165
1	Carroll (Berryville)	59	28	31
1	Madison (Huntsville)	40	21	19
1	Washington (Fayetteville)	287	136	151
	Area Total	738	372	366
2	Crawford (Van Buren)	127	69	58
2	Franklin (Ozark)	39	15	24
2	Johnson (Clarksville)	50	23	27
2	Logan (Booneville)	33	20	13
2	Logan (Paris)	15	8	7
2	Scott (Waldron)	23	9	14
2	Sebastian (Fort Smith)	685	349	336
2	Yell (Danville)	42	20	22
	Area Total	1,014	513	501
3	Clark (Arkadelphia)	44	20	24
3	Garland (Hot Springs)	324	162	162
3	Hot Spring (Malvern)	47	26	21
3	Howard (Nashville)	31	15	16
3	Montgomery (Mount Ida)	27	13	14
3	Perry (Perryville)	34	15	19
3	Pike (Murfreestboro)	21	9	12
3	Polk (Mena)	85	40	45
3	Saline (Benton)	126	48	78
	Area Total	739	348	391
4	Columbia (Magnolia)	55	28	27
4	Hempstead (Hope)	34	15	19
4	Lafayette (Lewisville)	12	5	7
4	Little River (Ashdown)	49	25	24
4	Miller (Texarkana)	166	100	66
4	Nevada (Prescott)	20	11	9
4	Ouachita (Camden)	74	41	33
4	Sevier (DeQueen)	39	16	23
4	Union (El Dorado)	70	38	32
	Area Total	519	279	240
5	Baxter (Mountain Home)	58	33	25
5	Boone (Harrison)	103	55	48
5	Conway (Morrilton)	112	56	56
5	Faulkner (Conway)	116	60	56
5	Marion (Yellville)	39	16	23
5	Newton (Jasper)	21	10	11
5	Pope (Russellville)	181	95	86
5	Searcy (Marshall)	22	7	15
5	Van Buren (Clinton)	38	21	17
	Area Total	690	353	337

SFY 2009 Annual Report Card – APPENDICES

Area	County	Total	Male	Female
6	Pulaski	4	1	3
6	Pulaski (East)	71	36	35
6	Pulaski (Jacksonville)	148	81	67
6	Pulaski (North)	282	140	142
6	Pulaski (South)	368	188	180
6	Pulaski (Southwest)	211	120	91
	Area Total	1,084	566	518
7	Bradley (Warren)	45	24	21
7	Calhoun (Hampton)	10	3	7
7	Cleveland (Rison)	22	14	8
7	Dallas (Fordyce)	32	19	13
7	Grant (Sheridan)	20	13	7
7	Jefferson (Pine Bluff)	268	124	144
7	Lincoln (Star City)	34	16	18
7	Lonoke (Lonoke)	139	55	84
7	Prairie (DeValls Bluff)	19	10	9
	Area Total	589	278	311
8	Clay (Piggott & Corning)	30	15	15
8	Craighead (Jonesboro)	289	146	143
8	Fulton (Salem)	54	25	29
8	Greene (Paragould)	96	44	52
8	Izard (Melbourne)	43	19	24
8	Lawrence (Walnut Ridge)	66	33	33
8	Mississippi (Blytheville)	96	45	51
8	Mississippi (Osceola)	54	28	26
8	Randolph (Pocahontas)	58	20	38
8	Sharp (Ash Flat)	79	36	43
	Area Total	865	411	454
9	Cleburne (Heber Springs)	87	45	42
9	Crittenden (West Memphis)	169	84	85
9	Cross (Wynne)	25	14	11
9	Independence (Batesville)	137	70	67
9	Jackson (Newport)	61	27	34
9	Poinsett (Harrisburg)	91	42	49
9	Stone (Mountain View)	15	8	7
9	White (Searcy)	206	104	102
9	Woodruff (Augusta)	25	10	15
	Area Total	816	404	412
10	Arkansas (Dewitt)	23	9	14
10	Arkansas (Stuttgart)	24	14	10
10	Ashley (Hamburg)	40	15	25
10	Chicot (Lake Village)	39	21	18
10	Desha (McGehee)	27	12	15
10	Drew (Monticello)	67	30	37
10	Lee (Marianna)	12	6	6
10	Monroe (Brinkley)	14	5	9
10	Monroe (Clarendon)	5	3	2
10	Phillips (Helena)	70	33	37
10	St. Francis (Forrest City)	70	35	35
	Area Total	391	183	208
99	Unknown County	1	0	1
	Statewide Total	7,446	3,707	3,739

APPENDIX E: Children in Foster Care by Lengths of Stay

Area	County	Total	Less than 30 Days	30 to 90 Days	3 to 6 Months	7 to 12 Months	12 to 24 Months	24 to 36 Months	Over 36 Months
1	Benton (Bentonville)	352	70	81	52	59	54	17	19
1	Carroll (Berryville)	59	20	11	10	1	6	9	2
1	Madison (Huntsville)	40	6	10	7	6	8	1	2
1	Washington (Fayetteville)	287	73	37	35	52	48	16	26
	Area Total	738	169	139	104	118	116	43	49
2	Crawford (Van Buren)	127	42	19	10	11	24	11	10
2	Franklin (Ozark)	39	8	9	7	5	6	2	2
2	Johnson (Clarksville)	50	14	19	7	2	6	1	1
2	Logan (Booneville)	33	16	6	0	0	8	1	2
2	Logan (Paris)	15	4	0	6	0	2	0	3
2	Scott (Waldron)	23	8	1	6	5	3	0	0
2	Sebastian (Fort Smith)	685	63	91	59	134	116	85	137
2	Yell (Danville)	42	8	4	10	2	7	8	3
	Area Total	1,014	163	149	105	159	172	108	158
3	Clark (Arkadelphia)	44	2	9	12	14	5	0	2
3	Garland (Hot Springs)	324	81	43	47	61	42	21	29
3	Hot Spring (Malvern)	47	25	2	6	8	4	0	2
3	Howard (Nashville)	31	7	2	4	1	4	1	12
3	Montgomery (Mount Ida)	27	10	4	0	6	4	1	2
3	Perry (Perryville)	34	13	4	4	6	5	2	0
3	Pike (Murfreesboro)	21	5	0	7	5	1	1	2
3	Polk (Mena)	85	18	15	3	5	25	7	12
3	Saline (Benton)	126	34	30	16	24	10	6	6
	Area Total	739	195	109	99	130	100	39	67
4	Columbia (Magnolia)	55	44	5	1	2	2	0	1
4	Hempstead (Hope)	34	10	3	5	7	1	4	4
4	Lafayette (Lewisville)	12	8	0	0	1	1	0	2
4	Little River (Ashdown)	49	14	9	5	5	4	6	6
4	Miller (Texarkana)	166	19	13	22	41	30	25	16
4	Nevada (Prescott)	20	9	4	0	4	3	0	0
4	Ouachita (Camden)	74	32	9	6	6	5	6	10
4	Sevier (DeQueen)	39	7	9	9	4	4	2	4
4	Union (El Dorado)	70	26	12	2	6	9	7	8
	Area Total	519	169	64	50	76	59	50	51
5	Baxter (Mountain Home)	58	8	11	6	3	9	4	17
5	Boone (Harrison)	103	16	28	19	10	17	5	8
5	Conway (Morrilton)	112	23	32	13	6	20	5	13
5	Faulkner (Conway)	116	36	17	15	19	14	3	12
5	Marion (Yellville)	39	0	3	1	9	15	6	5
5	Newton (Jasper)	21	4	0	8	8	0	1	0
5	Pope (Russellville)	181	29	26	25	36	47	7	11
5	Searcy (Marshall)	22	7	0	0	1	5	4	5
5	Van Buren (Clinton)	38	11	2	1	2	6	10	6
	Area Total	690	134	119	88	94	133	45	77

SFY 2009 Annual Report Card – APPENDICES

Area	County	Total	Less than 30 Days	30 to 90 Days	3 to 6 Months	7 to 12 Months	12 to 24 Months	24 to 36 Months	Over 36 Months
6	Pulaski	4	1	2	0	0	1	0	0
6	Pulaski (East)	71	7	2	7	11	8	7	29
6	Pulaski (Jacksonville)	148	17	20	8	36	31	13	23
6	Pulaski (North)	282	18	36	27	67	65	27	42
6	Pulaski (South)	368	58	48	16	43	74	61	68
6	Pulaski (Southwest)	211	19	26	45	37	32	28	24
	Area Total	1,084	120	134	103	194	211	136	186

7	Bradley (Warren)	45	7	3	3	6	7	12	7
7	Calhoun (Hampton)	10	4	1	3	0	1	0	1
7	Cleveland (Rison)	22	12	1	5	0	3	1	0
7	Dallas (Fordyce)	32	11	7	2	4	7	0	1
7	Grant (Sheridan)	20	8	1	4	3	2	1	1
7	Jefferson (Pine Bluff)	268	85	29	27	36	42	20	29
7	Lincoln (Star City)	34	9	9	6	3	5	0	2
7	Lonoke (Lonoke)	139	28	28	23	23	27	1	9
7	Prairie (DeValls Bluff)	19	7	1	6	2	2	1	0
	Area Total	589	171	80	79	77	96	36	50

8	Clay (Piggott & Corning)	30	8	4	3	4	3	0	8
8	Craighead (Jonesboro)	289	65	40	32	46	52	29	25
8	Fulton (Salem)	54	3	8	7	9	12	4	11
8	Greene (Paragould)	96	24	12	22	6	21	5	6
8	Izard (Melbourne)	43	4	4	4	6	6	11	8
8	Lawrence (Walnut Ridge)	66	8	15	4	14	13	8	4
8	Mississippi (Blytheville)	96	35	12	10	18	18	2	1
8	Mississippi (Osceola)	54	14	11	6	10	9	1	3
8	Randolph (Pocahontas)	58	13	14	6	3	10	4	8
8	Sharp (Ash Flat)	79	11	7	14	13	15	12	7
	Area Total	865	185	127	108	129	159	76	81

9	Cleburne (Heber Springs)	87	10	12	15	19	7	12	12
9	Crittenden (West Memphis)	169	18	16	54	24	22	14	21
9	Cross (Wynne)	25	3	4	3	4	4	1	6
9	Independence (Batesville)	137	19	11	48	20	8	16	15
9	Jackson (Newport)	61	7	9	9	6	20	7	3
9	Poinsett (Harrisburg)	91	19	19	13	26	6	2	6
9	Stone (Mountain View)	15	0	3	0	2	4	2	4
9	White (Searcy)	206	59	32	17	31	45	7	15
9	Woodruff (Augusta)	25	0	4	6	1	7	6	1
	Area Total	816	135	110	165	133	123	67	83

10	Arkansas (Dewitt)	23	2	2	4	2	4	0	9
10	Arkansas (Stuttgart)	24	2	4	8	0	2	4	4
10	Ashley (Hamburg)	40	17	8	3	4	2	3	3
10	Chicot (Lake Village)	39	7	7	5	6	5	3	6
10	Desha (McGehee)	27	2	0	4	3	8	7	3
10	Drew (Monticello)	67	2	12	9	6	5	9	24
10	Lee (Marianna)	12	1	0	0	6	3	0	2
10	Monroe (Brinkley)	14	3	0	3	4	1	0	3
10	Monroe (Clarendon)	5	0	0	2	3	0	0	0
10	Phillips (Helena)	70	11	0	6	18	14	9	12
10	St. Francis (Forrest City)	70	1	6	8	20	18	6	11
	Area Total	391	48	39	52	72	62	41	77

99	Unknown County	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
----	----------------	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

	Statewide Total	7,446	1,489	1,070	953	1,182	1,232	641	879
--	------------------------	--------------	--------------	--------------	------------	--------------	--------------	------------	------------

APPENDIX F: Services Provided during the Year

SFY 2009 Annual Report Card – APPENDICES

Area	County	FC Cases	PS Cases	PS Children	SS Cases	SS Children	Total
1	Benton (Bentonville)	352	455	1,010	2	5	809
1	Carroll (Berryville)	59	93	201	4	4	156
1	Madison (Huntsville)	40	64	117	3	6	107
1	Washington (Fayetteville)	287	617	1,416	20	45	924
	Area Total	738	1,229	2,744	29	60	1,996
2	Crawford (Van Buren)	127	178	420	46	105	351
2	Franklin (Ozark)	39	75	156	5	11	119
2	Johnson (Clarksville)	50	96	212	2	3	148
2	Logan (Booneville)	33	55	107	2	4	90
2	Logan (Paris)	15	33	52	1	1	49
2	Scott (Waldron)	23	26	69	12	17	61
2	Sebastian (Fort Smith)	685	822	1,790	30	75	1,537
2	Yell (Danville)	42	71	142	7	15	120
	Area Total	1,014	1,356	2,948	105	231	2,475
3	Clark (Arkadelphia)	44	43	84	8	18	95
3	Garland (Hot Springs)	324	409	808	72	179	805
3	Hot Spring (Malvern)	47	92	224	18	34	157
3	Howard (Nashville)	31	28	55	13	26	72
3	Montgomery (Mount Ida)	27	20	50	9	26	56
3	Perry (Perryville)	34	44	95	5	14	83
3	Pike (Murfreesboro)	21	24	51	8	18	53
3	Polk (Mena)	85	94	229	7	17	186
3	Saline (Benton)	126	323	701	19	40	468
	Area Total	739	1,077	2,297	159	372	1,975
4	Columbia (Magnolia)	55	73	184	6	16	134
4	Hempstead (Hope)	34	98	203	5	9	137
4	Lafayette (Lewisville)	12	28	56	5	9	45
4	Little River (Ashdown)	49	49	114	9	15	107
4	Miller (Texarkana)	166	178	351	11	31	355
4	Nevada (Prescott)	20	40	108	1	1	61
4	Ouachita (Camden)	74	104	222	5	12	183
4	Sevier (DeQueen)	39	62	140	3	8	104
4	Union (El Dorado)	70	151	348	6	14	227
	Area Total	519	783	1,726	51	115	1,353
5	Baxter (Mountain Home)	58	122	234	8	18	188
5	Boone (Harrison)	103	176	328	15	31	294
5	Conway (Morrilton)	112	128	287	8	10	248
5	Faulkner (Conway)	116	242	510	18	42	376
5	Marion (Yellville)	39	57	124	3	5	99
5	Newton (Jasper)	21	29	64	2	3	52
5	Pope (Russellville)	181	219	428	29	51	429
5	Searcy (Marshall)	22	33	52	0	0	55
5	Van Buren (Clinton)	38	62	118	3	6	103
	Area Total	690	1,068	2,145	86	166	1,844

SFY 2009 Annual Report Card – APPENDICES

Area	County	FC Cases	PS Cases	PS Children	SS Cases	SS Children	Total
6	Pulaski	4	15	65	0	0	19
6	Pulaski (East)	71	75	153	8	19	154
6	Pulaski (Jacksonville)	148	219	494	36	74	403
6	Pulaski (North)	282	277	727	38	68	597
6	Pulaski (South)	368	391	936	25	54	784
6	Pulaski (Southwest)	211	284	665	25	69	520
	Area Total	1,084	1,261	3,040	132	284	2,477
7	Bradley (Warren)	45	37	72	4	6	86
7	Calhoun (Hampton)	10	12	30	1	1	23
7	Cleveland (Rison)	22	25	57	4	4	51
7	Dallas (Fordyce)	32	36	72	4	6	72
7	Grant (Sheridan)	20	33	54	14	22	67
7	Jefferson (Pine Bluff)	268	273	649	12	25	553
7	Lincoln (Star City)	34	34	62	7	10	75
7	Lonoke (Lonoke)	139	207	404	1	1	347
7	Prairie (DeValls Bluff)	19	34	68	0	0	53
	Area Total	589	691	1,468	47	75	1,327
8	Clay (Piggott & Corning)	30	55	124	17	35	102
8	Craighead (Jonesboro)	289	354	810	6	10	649
8	Fulton (Salem)	54	57	132	7	14	118
8	Greene (Paragould)	96	180	401	21	48	297
8	Izard (Melbourne)	43	74	145	3	5	120
8	Lawrence (Walnut Ridge)	66	91	196	4	8	161
8	Mississippi (Blytheville)	96	162	415	4	11	262
8	Mississippi (Osceola)	54	66	167	4	8	124
8	Randolph (Pocahontas)	58	101	223	5	18	164
8	Sharp (Ash Flat)	79	102	205	6	10	187
	Area Total	865	1,242	2,818	77	167	2,184
9	Cleburne (Heber Springs)	87	89	189	2	2	178
9	Crittenden (West Memphis)	169	197	570	12	25	378
9	Cross (Wynne)	25	108	238	6	12	139
9	Independence (Batesville)	137	152	350	4	4	293
9	Jackson (Newport)	61	76	185	3	4	140
9	Poinsett (Harrisburg)	91	134	334	3	5	228
9	Stone (Mountain View)	15	27	57	1	1	43
9	White (Searcy)	206	247	543	8	19	461
9	Woodruff (Augusta)	25	49	93	1	0	75
	Area Total	816	1,079	2,559	40	72	1,935
10	Arkansas (Dewitt)	23	31	66	0	0	54
10	Arkansas (Stuttgart)	24	42	80	5	9	71
10	Ashley (Hamburg)	40	64	131	12	23	116
10	Chicot (Lake Village)	39	40	83	12	21	91
10	Desha (McGehee)	27	44	90	24	42	95
10	Drew (Monticello)	67	89	167	20	38	176
10	Lee (Marianna)	12	24	48	4	10	40
10	Monroe (Brinkley)	14	31	76	7	16	52
10	Monroe (Clarendon)	5	9	17	1	6	15
10	Phillips (Helena)	70	93	252	9	19	172
10	St. Francis (Forrest City)	70	131	315	30	67	231
	Area Total	391	598	1,325	124	251	1,113
99	Unknown County	1	1	1	0	0	2
	Statewide Total	7,446	10,385	23,071	850	1,793	18,681